SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1853. NO. 55.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annu in advance, or within the first month; Two dollars an fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines wil be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

HARDING HAS COME!

YES! WITH THE BEST AND LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, IN HIS LINE, IN THE CITY!

WE can now exhibit to our friends and customers the choicest assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Fine Dress and Frock Coats—Fine Fancy and plain Cassimere Pants—Fine Fancy Silk and Satin and bl'k Silk and Satin Vests, that can be found in any store in the State.

We pride ourselves upon selling the best

READY-MADE CLOTHING

this side of the British Provinces, equal in every respect to Custom Work, and much cheaper than Garments can be made to measure. We shall be receiving daily all the new styles of GOODS that come into market—for we manufacture all we sell—and are able to exhibit something NEW every week.

Call at the World-Wide renowned Clothing Establishment of E. L. HARDING.

March 22, 1853. 36—

Books Just Received.

A NEW Dictionary of the English Language, by Charles Richardson, 2 vols, 4 to

Woman's Record, or Sketches of all distinguished women, from the beginning, till A. D., 1850. Arranged in four eras, with selections from female writers of every age, by Sarah Josepha Hale, editor of Godey's Lady's Book, &c., illustrated by two hundred and thirty portraits, engraved on wood by Lossing & Barrett.

Select British Eloquence, embracing the best speeches entire of the most eminent orators of Great Britain for the last two centuries, with sketches of their lives, an estimate of their genius, and notes, critical and explanatory, by Chauncey A. Goodrich, D. D., Professor in Yale College.

The Hundred Boston Orators appointed by the municipal authorities and other public bodies from 1770 to 1852, comprising historical gleanings, illustrating the principles and progress of our republican institutions by James Spear Loring.

Industrial Drawing, comprising the description and uses of drawing instruments, the construction of plane figures, the projections and sections of geometrical solids, architectural elements, mechanism, and topographical drawing, with remarks on the method of teaching the subject, for the use of Academies and Common Schools, by D. H. Mahan, L. L. D.

The Lady's oracle, an elegant pastime for social parties and the family circle, by Henrietta Dmount.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

May 2, 1853. 48—

BOOKS.

MODERN State Trials, revised and illustrated with essays and notes, by Wm. C. Townsend, Esq., recorder of Macclesfield, 2 vols. 8 vo.

Church Dictionary, by Walter Farquar Hook, D D. Vicar of Less, sixth edition revised and augmented.

The history of the Church of England, by J. B. S. Carmithen, B. D.

The history of Nero by Jacob Abbott

Historical and critical essays by Thos. DeQuincy, author of confessions of an English Opium-Eater, &c., &c, 2 vols. 12 mo.

Poems by Mattie Griffith, now first collected.

The Australian Captive, and the gold regions, being fifteen years in the life of William Jackman, with various illustrations, edited by the Rev. J. Chamberlayne.

Agnes Sorel, a novel by G. P. R. James.

Clary Moreland by Emerson Bennett.

Harry Muir, a story of Scottish life by the author of Mrs. Margaret Maitland, &c., &c.

Beatrice, or the unknown relatives, by Catherine Sinclair, author of modern accomplishments, modern society, &c. &c.

The Dean's Daughter, or the days we live in. by Mrs. Gore, author of Mothers and Daughters, the Banker's Wife, &c., &c,

Villette, by Curier Bell, author of Shirly, Jane Eyre, &c., &c. For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

April 26, 1853. 47—

NEW BOOKS.

THE Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution, or illustrations by pen and pencil, of the history, biography, Scenery, relics, and traditions of the war for Independence, by Benson J. Lossing, with several hundred engravings on wood, by Lossing & Barritt, chiefly from original Sketches by the authors. 2 vols. Royal octavo.

Hand Book of Universal Geography, being a Gazetteer of the World, based on the Census of the United States, England and France for 1851, Edited by J Carey Callicat, A.M.

Memoirs of the Queens of Henry VIII, and of his mother Elizabeth of York, by Agnes Strickland, complete in one Volume.

Nick of the Woods, or Jibbenainosay, a tale of Kentucky, by Robert Montgomery Bird, M. A. author of "Calavar," "The Infidel," &c.

A stray Yankee in Texas, by Philip Paxton.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, April, 2853. 47—

New Books.

NOTES and Emendations to the text of Shakespeare's plays from early manuscript corrections, in a copy of the folio, 1632, in the possession of J. Payne Collier, Esq., F. S. A.

The History of the Crusades, by Joseph Francois Michaud; translated from the French by W. Robson. 3 vols., 12 mo.

Hang Mair, a Story of Scottish life, by the author of Mrs. Margaret Maitland, Merkland, &c.

New edition of Smith on the law of contracts, with notes and appendix, by J. G. Symon, Esq. Third American edition, with additional notes and references to both English and American decisions, by William Henry Rawle, author of a Treatise on Covenants for Title.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.

May 2nd, 1853. 48—

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory.

RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES:

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State*, D. W. Courts *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State*, E B. Freeman, *Clerk Supr. Court*, Geo. W. Mordecai, *Prest. of Bank of the State*, Wm. H. Jones, *Cash. Bank of Cape Fear*, W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G. R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec. 18, 1851. 14—tf

IRA BECKWITH,

WOULD tender his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and customers, in Raleigh and its vicinity, for the liberal support he has received, and hopes by renewed efforts to merit a continuance of their favor.—He has just returned from the North, where having in view the wants of his customers at home, he endeavored to select such articles as would give entire satisfaction, both as to price and quality. His stock consists in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Cutlery, and Fancy articles, comprising in part the following:

Groceries.

Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Candles, Sole and Upper Leather, Soap, Salt, fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Ink, Blacking, Powder and Shot, Lead, &c., &c.

Hardware and Cutlery.

Axes, Weeding Hoes, Nails, Files, Butts, Screws, Padlocks, platt Locks, Coffee Mills, Tacks, Percussion Caps, Scissors, Iron and Britiana Spoons, Pocket Knives, Knives and Forks, Thimbles, Pins, Needles, Hooks and Eyes, Candle Sticks, Vest Buckles, &c.

Glass and Crockery of all kinds.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles.

Blankets, bleached and unbleached Shirtings, Va. Osnaburgs, Bed Ticking, brown Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Fancy Vestings, Cambrics, Linens, Cravats, Pocket H'k'fs, Comforts, Flanels, Merrimack prints, Fancy prints, Letter paper, Envellopes, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Agate Buttons, Coat Buttons, fancy Vest Buttons, Coats' Spool Cotton, Sewing Silk, Flaxthread, Cable Cord, Corset Laces, Hairpins, Snuff Boxes, Coarse and fine Tooth Combs, Pocket Combs, Ladies riding Side and Tuck Combs, Paste Board, Gentlemen's Chamois lined Gloves, Wool Gloves, one gross stout cotton Half Hose, also Ladies fine and coarse cotton Hose, Looking Glasses, Blacking Brushes, Cotton Cards, Shaving Boxes, Fancy Soaps, Perfumeries, &c., &c.

Also, a fine assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Summer Shoes, cheap for cash. Just to hand.

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be disposed of on the most liberal terms for cash

Fayetteville street, a few doors north of the Yarbrough House, and opposite Lawrence's Hotel.

Raleigh, March 27, 1853. 39—1y.

SPRING STOCK OF MEDICINES FOR 1853.

P. F. PESCUD is now receiving his Spring supply of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye stuffs, Perfumery, and Fancy Articles, which is in all respects, reliable, and in sufficient quantities to merit a large increase of Wholesale as well as Retail Trade.

With seventeen years experience in his business and greatly increased facilities for purchasing, receiving, and forwarding goods, he hopes to retain the patronage and influence of his customers.

His great aim is to procure the purest and most reliable articles, and will not knowingly sell any other kind, and to this cause he attributes the large increase of his sales and the success which has followed his efforts to gain the confidence of the public.

Physicians and families who have Prescriptions to fill may rest assured that they will be promptly and faithfully executed by experienced persons at all hours of the day or night.

He hopes all who owe him on account or on notes due prior to the first of January last, will call and settle, without delay, or remit their indebtedness.

March 14, 1853. 36—

RALEIGH BAKERY.

Fayetteville Street, Opposite the Market House.

THE Subscribers having commenced the above business at the stand lately occupied by Mr. L. B. Walker, and employed competent workmen, intend carrying on the *Baking and Confectionary Business* in all its usual branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.

Plain or ornamental CAKES made to order, on the shortest notice.

Candy Manufactory.

The Subscribers have in their employ superior CANDY MAKERS, and will keep constantly on hand a supply of fresh Candy, of various descriptions, for sale wholesale or retail.

Wholesale price, by the hundred pounds *fifteen Dollars*, CASH. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to.

Fruits, &c.

A fresh supply of Fruits will be kept constantly on hand, of the finest quality at low prices. Country Stores are particularly requested to favor us with their orders, which will be forwarded on the shortest notice.

JAMES PUTTICK,
JOHN MITCHELL.

Raleigh, March 1, 1852. 31—1y

NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

J. BIGGS & Co., take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the Public in general, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer goods consisting of a fine lot of French and English Cloths, Cassimers and vestings of the latest style. A beautiful lot of white Silk and Satin vestings, and Cravats for Balls and Parties. White Linnen Drilling and Navy Duck, for Summer Pants.

All kinds of Ready Made Clothing both of their own and of Northern Manufacture, very fine and cheap. Also Youths and Boys Clothing, and dressing gowns.

Fine Moleskin and Beaver, black and Drab Hats of the very best manufacture.

The latest style dress Shirts of the most approved cut. Gauze, Silk and Marino undershirts and Drawers for Spring and Summer.

Gloves, Collars, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats and Stocks, in great varieties.

Their stock will be constantly supplied, with the latest arrivals. The very finest assortment of Tailors trimmings on hand.

All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. All garments made to order warranted to fit.

Call at No. 10,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

April 11th, 1853. 42—

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:*

Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel	Still-cap,	Arms and	Worms,	$400
10	do	do	do	485
12	do	do	do	525
14	do	do	do	585
15	do	do	do	615
16	do	do	do	650
20	do	do	do	695
25	do	do	do	750
30	do	do	do	850
35	do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

Just Received and for Sale,

A RICH assortment of Fancy Neck, Sash, Hat and Cap Ribbons,

Plain Satin and Lustring Ribbons, all colors and widths,

French worked Muslin undersleeves,

Infant's French worked Frock Bodies and Caps,

Ladies' French worked Caps and Collars in great variety,

do do Mourning and half Mourning Collars,

do do Cuffs, Muslin and Dimity Bands.

Real Thread Lace, Insettings and Edgings,

Imitation do do

Lisle do do

Bobbin do do

JAMES McKIMMON.

Oct. 1, 1853.

Thou hast a charmed cup O Fame.

"Like to the Pontic sea!
Whose icy current and compulsive course
Ne'er feels retiring ebb, but keeps due on
To the Propontick and the Hellespont,"

So the undying fame, bright as the "blaze of sunset halos o'er the laurel brow'd' deservedly accorded to those

TRULY FORTUNATE & WELL KNOWN EXCHANGE AND LOTTERY BROKERS,

PYFER & CO.,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.,

Will "keep due on," until their popularity extends from the "icy Capes of Labradore," to the scorching sands of Nubia's Desert, and until the Hosannas of a Universe extol their name in one prolonged shout that shall *frighten the reign of chaos, and startle scared echo from her caverned sleep.*

IN LAZY APATHY LET STOICS BOAST.

The grateful praise duly received from every section of the Country, from those who have been snatched from the brink of despair by the untiring efforts of these farfamed and popular Lottery Agents, is the only reward they covet for devoting their energies to the public's service; to them "praises are wages." The immense amount of good that

PYFER, & CO.

Trnly Lucky and Far-Famed Lottery Agents,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Have accomblished by presenting to the public *monthly* a schedule of unsurpassed schemes of

Legal and Responsible Lotteries,

In presenting to our numerous correspondents throughout the Country our very brilliant and elegant schemes for the month of May, we enjoin those, whose expectation were not *fully* realized in April, in the language of the Poet, to

"Attempt the end, and never stand to doubt:
Nothing's so hard, but search will find it out."

READ THE RESULT OF PERSEVERANCE!

In package of whole tickets, the Brilliant Prize $50,210, in Grand Consol, Lottery of Maryland, Cla I, was sent per mail to an old correspondent in Virginia.
$26,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$15,000 in package of whole tickets sent to Penn.
$11,000, in package of whole tickets, sent to Georgia.
$8,000, in package of halves sent to S. Carolina.
$29,000, in package of quarters, sent to Tennessee.
$12,000, in package of half tickets, sent to Ohio.
$9,000, in package of quarters, sent to N. Carolina.
$5,000, in package of wholes, sent to N. Carolina.

☞ Be sure to address for a handsome Prize,

PYFER & CO.,

No. 1, Light St., Baltimore.

Splendid Schemes for May, 1853.

☞ The Certificate Prices of packages of quarter tickets only, are given below.

Date. May.	Capital Prizes.		No. of Ballots.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages
2	$25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	$8	$30 00
3	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
4	31,000	78 Nos	14 drawn	10	35 00
5	25,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
6	24,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
7	40,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	12	45 00
9	25,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	8	30 00
10	18,656	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	19 00
11	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
12	25,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
13	13,500	78 Nos	12 drawn	4	15 00
14	50,000	75 Nos	11 drawn	15	58 00
16 5 of	12,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
17	24,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
18	30,909	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	40 00
19	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	15 00
20	24,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
21	46,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	16	50 00
23	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
24	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
25	38,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	10	40 00
26	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
27	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
30	80,000	78 Nos	18 drawn	32	120 00
31	28,500	75 Nos	13 drawn	8	30 00
28	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00

☞ Drawings forwarded to Correspondents by the first mails after the lotteries are drawn.

☞ Correspondents will please order a few days before the lotteries are drawn.

There is a large per centage in favor of those purchasers who order by the Package, and the chances of drawing four of the largest Prizes in the Scheme, are thereby secured. We advise the purchase of Packages of Tickets in every instance.

☞ Bank Drafts or Certificates of Deposits payable in Gold at sight, will be promptly remitted to those Correspondents who draw prizes at PYFER & CO'S.

☞ Remember—A PACKAGE of Tickets can draw FOUR of the most splendid prizes in a scheme.

☞ In order to secure a Fortune, and the cash immediately after the result is known, the readers of this paper have only to remit cash Drafts or prize tickets, to the Old Established, far famed and truly fortunate Exchange and Lottery Brokers,

PYFER & CO.,

No 1. Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

April 30, 1853. 46—

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock Company. This Company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country. The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year: James Sloan, President; S. G. Coffin, Vice President; C. P. Mendenhall, Attorney; Peter Adams, Secretary and Treasurer; W. H. Cunningham, General Agent.

PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

December 10th, 1852. 7—1y

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber most respectfully announces to the Public that he has made arrangements to keep a

Mechanic's Boarding House.

It is his intention to pay strict attention to the comfort of all who may favor him with their patronage. He begs leave to say that none need apply except those of good habits.

PATRICK McGOWAN.

Raleigh, March 15, 1853. 25—w3m.

NOTICE.

THE attention of the citizens of Raleigh is respectfully solicited to the new Gutta Percha and India Rubber Pumps just put in operation near the corner of Hargett and McDowell streets, in the rear of Dr. Miller's office. As to description and merits, the pump will speak for itself. The right for the balance of the State will be sold upon the most reasonable terms by

A. G. BABCOCK,
at Mr. Roland's.

May 3, 1853. 48—3t

PROCTER is this day in the reception of a fresh supply of fine Fancy Cassimeres. Also, Blake and Fancy articles for the neck, and a large quantity of dress Shirts. He has also received that Grey Cassimere which has been so often enquired for.

ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.

April 18th, 1853. 54—

Canton Mattings.

4-4 AND 6-4 fancy and plain Matting received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, April 12th, 1853. 42—

SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

NORTH CAROLINA

MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than sven years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cen per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Jos. G. B. Roulhac, C. W. D. Hutchings, Jno. R. Williams, John Primrose, H. D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, F. F. Fagan, Plymouth, Alexander, Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

J. G. B. Roulhac, President,
Henry D. Turner, Vice President,
S. W. Whiting, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting,
Jno. R. Williams, } Executive Committee.
John Primrose,

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

GREENSBOROUGH

Mutual Life Insurance & Trust Co'y.

THIS Company, as its name indicates, is upon the *mutual principle*, and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security, without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little, (not less than one dollar,) and as often as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an assurance *payable at death—a fund available in sickness*—and *a provision for old age.*

☞ See Pamphlets furnished by the Company.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

Directors—Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Ogburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.

President—Ralph Gorrell.
Vice President—Lyndon Swaim.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. P. Weir.
Attorney—John A. Gilmer.
Examining Physician—Edwin Watson, M. D.
Consulting Physicians—D. C. Mebane, M. D.; J. L Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.
General Agent—William H. Cumming.

☞ Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing D. P. WEIR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

February 17th, 1853. 27—tf.

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for 3ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.

April 28, 1850. 51—

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, FOR 1853.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he has recently returned from the Northern Cities, and is daily receiving his SPRING and SUMMER supplies, embracing every thing new and beautiful, all of which were selected with great care, purchased on favorable terms and will be sold at low rates.

He is at this time in receipt of the following: Black, brown, blue, olive, green and other cloths of various grades:

Semoni, bl'k doeskin cas., fancy casimere, a beautiful assortment, some very pretty Vestings, of every variety and style.

Light silk Vestings for Weddings and Parties, very rich, Cravats, Stocks and Ties, plain and fancy, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, silk and cotton half-hose, Gloves, silk and ganze Undershirts, fine dress Shirts and Collars, a large assortment very cheap, Linen and Cotton Drawers; in fact every article usually found in a gentlemans' Furnishing Store.

He has also on hand a fine supply of Clothing, both of his own and foreign manufacture, any or all of which he would be pleased to exhibit, and to dispose of it at a small advance for Cash or six month's credit to punctual customers.

Cutting done at short notice.

ISAAC PROCTER,
Merchant Tailor.
Successor to Oliver & Procter.

April 15, 1853. 43—

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinnersetts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851.

Umbrellas and Parasols.

GREEN and Black, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas.
Embr'd and Watered Parasols, all colors.
Black, Watered, Silk and Linen Parasols.
Ladies Black Silk Summer Umbrellas.

For sale by J. BROWN.

Raleigh, April 19, 1853. 44

Mattings.

4-4 AND 6-4 White India Matting.
4-4 Checked India Matting.

J. BROWN.

April 19, 1853. 44—

NORTH-CAROLINA AND NORFOLK.

THE PRACTICAL HATTERS WOULD RESpectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,

the largest and best that has ever been offered in "NORFOLK," and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that "Merchants" will find it to their advantage to call before making their 'purchases.' Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage, may rely on having 'GOODS,' whether of our own 'MANUFACTURE' or 'IMPORTED,' as 'FASHIONABLE,' 'FINE and CHEAP' as any 'Northern JOBBER.' We earnestly request 'Merchants' to call and be 'CONVINCED.' that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.

Ladies and Misses Bonnets, in great variety.

Canes and Umbrellas, wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!

THIS beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible by the minutest description to give a correctidea of its utility. HATS made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new HAT, and painful headache. We could give you certificates of PHYSICIANS and the experience of the TRADE, but would prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior HATS.

☞ HATS made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.

STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7, Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

May 11, 1853. 51—tf.

A. M. McPHEETERS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

OFFICE AT No. 10, ROANOKE SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

ALL packages to be forwarded by me, to be directed to my care at Portsmouth, Va., where they will receive my strict attention. All orders for Groceries promptly attended to and furnished at the lowest market price *without* commission.

REFERENCES:

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C.,
C. Dewey, Cashier do do do.
W. H. Jones, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear,
L. O'B. Branch, Pres't Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Thomas P. Devereux, Esq. Halifax, N. C.
H. D. Turner, J. Brown,
Williams & Haywood, J. M. Towles,
and John Primrose, Merchants, Raleigh.

May 9, 1853. 50—1y.

New Fancy and Confectionary Store,

ON MAIN STREET.

Between Messrs. Pomeroy's & Porter's Sign of

"BIG BOOT."

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that they have just opened a Store on Main Street. They are determined to give satisfaction to every one that will honor them with a call and will endeavor by all means to render the establishment a superior one of its kind. Their stock consists of the following articles:

Fancy Goods, &c.

French Cups and Saucers, Vases, Children's Tea setts, fine Baskets, Fans, Portemonnaies, Purses, Marbles, Pocket Inkstand, Looking Glasses of all kinds, Bronze Candlesticks, Soaps, Shaving Cream, Essences, Hair Tonics, side, tucking and dressing Combs, Pocket Knifes, Scissors, Hairpins, Needles, Tooth, Nail, Shaving, Comb, Cloth and Shoe brushes, Accordeans, Violins, Flutes, Banjos, Walking Canes, Whips, Guns and Pistols, &c., &c.

Confectionary, &c.

Candies of all descriptions, Chocolate, Maccaroni, Bunch and Layer Raisins in whole, quarter and eighth boxes, Figs, Prunes, Currants, Preserved Ginger, Citron, Sardines in whole, half, and quarter boxes, Oranges, Lemons, Pickles and Preserves in 2-4, 1-4 and 1-8 jars, Filberts, Almonds, Peacan, Walnut, Palm, Cocoa and Pea Nuts, &c.

Cigars.

The choicest brands of Havannah, Principie and Regalia Cigars from 16 to 50 dollars per thousand.

Best lump and twisted chewing Tobacco, from 25 cts. to $1,15 per pound.

Groceries.

A general assortment. F. MAHLER & Co.

Raleigh, May 3, 1853. 48—

NEW BRICK MACHINE

Now in Successful Operation in BALTIMORE!

IT is so simple that any intelligent negro can learn to manage it in two or three days. You have merely to shovel clay into a box and attach a horse to the sweep. The machine tempers the clay and moulds the bricks in the most perfect manner, such as the most experienced hand can scarcely equal. When burned they are found to be stronger and more solid than those made in the usual way, because the clay is worked stiffer under the pressure of the screw than it is possible to mould by hand. It requires one man to shovel in the clay, a boy to put in the empty moulds, another to pass them when filled to the barrow, a third to wheel them to the floor, a fourth to discharge them, a fifth as superunumerary to wait on the rest—in all one man, a horse and five boys, make from eight to ten thousand bricks per day. The gold medal was awarded for it by the Maryland Institute in November, 1852. Price of the four mould machine $250—of the five mould $300, including Patent.

Address F. H. SMITH, Baltimore, Md.
FRANCIS H. SMITH.

May 9, 1853. 50—18Jn.

University of North Carolina.

THE examination of the classes will begin on *Monday* the 23d May, and continue until the College Commeneement on Thursday, the 2d day of June next.

There will be a general meeting of the Board of Trustees on Monday preceeding Commencement, but the Visitorial Committee will be expected to give their personal attendance during the whole period of the examination.

The Committee for 1853 is as follows:

His Excellency, David S. Reid, Pres't Ex-Officio.
Hon. David L. Swain, L. L. D., Pres't of College.
William J. Alexander,
William H. Battle,
James W. Bryan,
Henry S. Clarke,
Daniel W. Courts,
John R. Donnell,
William A. Graham,
Cushing B. Hassel,
Samuel P. Hill,
James C. Johnson,
Cadwallader Jones, Jr.
Andrew Joyner,
Matthias E. Manly,
Giles Mebane,
George C. Mendenhall,
John M. Morehead,
Henry Potter,
William Seagle,
[illegible],
[illegible],

CHARLES MANLY, Secretary.

May 7, 1853. 49—

Office R. & G. R. R. Company,

MAY 5, 1853.

ON and after Monday 9th inst., the Accommodation Train will leave Raleigh at 6 A. M., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and return the same days, leave Gaston at 4 P. M. or on the arrival of the Cars from Weldon.

The same will connect both ways with the day trains to and from Washington, and the trains on the Roanoke Road.

By order,

[illegible]

May 5, 1853. 50—tf.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

"We Study to Please."

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has been engaged in superintending the manufacture of his entire

STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Which is now being opened

AT HIS NEW STORE.

Old Stand,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

His Store is fitted up in a style of elegance, superior to any in the State, and his Stock presents attractions, rarely to be seen, except in the large assortments of the Northern cities. E. L. HARDING.

Raleigh, October 4th, 1852. 88

JUST IN TIME!

PAPER-HANGING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the Public that he has just received 22 doz. rolls of superior Paper, consisting of gilded, glazed and various other figures, together with bordering of all kinds, which will enable him to do all kinds of paper-hanging in the neatest and most workman-like manner.

Also, a supply of Window-Curtains, Fire Screens, Reflection Paper.

All persons wishing anything in the paper line could not fail to be suited by calling on me, as I have paper at prices ranging from fifty cents to $1 50 per roll.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. J. HENRY HARRISS.

Upholsterer and Mattress-Maker.

Raleigh, April 15, 1853. 41—

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

By Parisen & King's Express.

Direct From Our Manufactory.

WITHIN the last week we have received 100 Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, 300 Paris Linen Sacks and Sack French Coats, 200 and Colored Marseille Vests.

E. L. HARDING.

May 9th, 1853. 50—

Boots and Shoes.

CORK Sole Boots, with Double Uppers at the low price of $4,50. Double Sole Nailed Bottom Boots for Waggoners and Rail Road Hands. A large Stock of Double and Single Sole Brogans will be sold cheap. Ladies Shoes and Bootees, Manufactured by Robinson & Co.

Call and examine our Stock before buying elsewhere.

SELBY & MURRAY.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the Counties of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham. He is to be found at the office lately occupied by Hon. Will. H. Haywood, Jr., dec'd.

January 1, 1853. 14—6mw&sw.

CLAUDIUS B. SANDERS,

Smithfield, N. C.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend the Courts of Johnston, Wayne and Nash Counties.

January 10th, 1853. 19—w&sw1y.

CLEMENT G. WRIGHT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Office corner of Green and Bow Streets.

January 31st, 1853. 22—wly

Hull's Tallow Candles.

10 BOXES, Just received. Also, 5 Bags Old Java Coffee. J. BROWN.

Raleigh, February 14, 1853. 33—

French Accordeons.

A SPLENDID lot of French Accordeons—Nos. 4 5, 8, 11, 18, 17, 71, 72, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

A F

MY LORD BISHOP OF DURHAM.

My Lord Bishop may be a worthy representative of English prelacy, though he represents but indifferently the veritable apostles of the great Head of the Christian Church. My Lord Bishop may have been called to the work of the ministry of the church, but, like the spirits invoked by Glendower, he seems not to have come at the call, though other influences proved potent enough to secure his attendance. Yet my Lord Bishop is not a skeptic, as may be learned from the readiness with which he assents to the scriptural axiom that "the laborer is worthy of his hire."

It appears by a statement in the London Times of the 5th of May, based upon documentary proof, that in order to make an estimate of the amount per annum necessary for the maintenance of his lordship, the following items were by him taken into the count, viz:

Park, Manors, and Moors.

	£	s.	d.
Auckland park and gamekeeper,	101	0	6
Merrington gamekeeper,	58	6	6
Two permanent watchers at Auckland,	78	0	0
Weardale gamekeeper,	80	0	0
Two permanent watchers on the moors,	80	0	0
Additional watchers during the grouse season,	172	15	0
Sundry extra expenses attending this department,	40	0	6
The chapel at Auckland Castle,	15	0	0
The gardens, lawns, grass work,	490	19	2
Total,	£1,116	1	2

The Ecclesiastical Commissioners who were empowered to determine the allowance did not approve of the character of the objects above specified, yet st was determined, his lordship fully assenting, to establish his net income at the liberal sum of £8,000, or $40,000, per annum!

But my Lord Bishop is a Bishop only, and not a Pope, and therefore not infallible, as may be inferred from the fact of his being mistaken as to the amount necessary for his support, which appears from the fact of his having contrived by unfair and indirect means to add to his net income out of the gross receipts the figure of $ 26,540 during the period of seven years, thus increasing the emoluments of his sacred office to nearly fifty-nine thousand dollars a year of filthy lucre, besides the heavenly recompense so surely to accrue!

Now, the London Times is very justly indignant at this thing, and thinks it incompatible with my Lord Bishop's position as "an elevated teacher of religion, and the obligations imposed upon him as a peer of the realm." "Can he deny," asks the Times, "that his conscience has been the feeble and unresisting captive of his purse—that his love of money has openly triumphed over principle, and his selfishness prevailed over the claims upon him as a Christian minister, and his obligations as an English prelate? If not, the more is the pity, the degradation, and the shame; *and we can only hope that the system which has produced such results may soon be annihilated forever.*"

Start not, gentle reader! The London Times means nothing serious by this; or it certainly does not mean what you may understand from its words. The system of government that unites the Church and State is not desired to be revolutionized! The system that rewards aristocratic and luxurious prelates for doing nothing, and starves humble and pious curates who perform their duties, is not intended to be changed. The system the Times wishes to see annihilated forever is simply some little arrangement in the disbursing operations of the government, which that journal fancies could be greatly bettered by the enactment of a bill shortly to be introduced by the Marquis of BLANDFORD, "on Episcopal and Capitular estates," the main object of which, we are told, is to transfer their management from their administrators to other bodies.

The system that tempts the most brilliant men of the world to profane the calling of the Christian ministry, and to bring discredit upon the institutions of religion, will remain untouched by the hand of the reformer so long as the aristocratic institutions of that country continue, and so long as religious formalism occupies the place of spiritual christianity; and the religionist who reverences the principles of piety in his church, we care not what his creed, must seek for its existance in purity beyond the confines of the realm in which that church is upheld by the political power of the land, whose embraces is more baneful to its vitality than the fiercest opposition and the bitterest persecution it is possible for it to encounter.

Happily we are free from such evils, as we trust ever to continue; from the degradation of the pulpit, by making it the tempting pathway to fortune and worldly ambition, we are almost equally exempt, the exceptions only serving to enforce the important admonition that the example of others should be adequate to impress upon us. That the teachers of religion should live in comfort, and exempt from anxieties respecting the means of their support, we readily consent; but he who, in that office, manifests an inordinate love of gain, or who is ever ready to depart from its restraints in the pursuit of riches, gives warrant to the world to conclude, without the just imputation of uncharitableness, that in ever entering upon its momentous responsibilities he was guilty of an error of the darkest hue. That such instances are unfrequent, and that the Christian ministry in the United States bears testimony to the wisdom of the policy that leaves the institutions of religion free alike from the hand of political legislation and oppression, is a gratifying result of the great experiment of "THE REPUBLICAN MODE OF GOVERNMENT," which we would rejoice to see made profitable unto others. But my Lord Bishop of Durham is no doubt well convinced that the respectability of the church requires that its prelates should live in a manner worthy of their position as elevated teachers of religion, and of the obligations imposed upon them as peers of the realm; and if an ecclesiastical commission is niggard enough to quibble about the apostolic appendages of gamekeepers, and watchers, and parks, and manors, and gardens, and lawns, and to restrict my Lord Bishop to the niggardly pittance of forty thousand dollars a year, what is my Lord Bishop to do? Is he to permit "the Establishment" to be disgraced by his poverty? Clearly not, while the opportunity exists of embezzling for such holy purposes the little matter of nineteen thousand more in the year. My Lord Bishop has not forgotten what is due to Episcopal dignity, if the Commissioners have. We marvel that the Times has no more regard for the essential props of royalty than to acknowledge that a prelate who may expend forty thousand a year for the credit of the church can be guilty of any indiscretion in sequestering half as much more to promote the same holy cause. In other positions a man might be suspected of selfish and unholy desires; but in the church the righteous end should be kept in view, and regarded as hallowing means that do not altogether partake of its exalted nature! *Wash. Republic.*

Last week, at the session of Sampson Superior Court, Judge Dick presiding, Joseph K. Groves was tried for kidnapping a Slave, the property of Dr. B. Stith, of Clinton. The trial lasted two days, and resulted in a verdict of guilty. Mr. Solicitor Strange and Josiah Johnson, Esq., for the State; H. L. Holmes, D. Reid, and Wm. K. Slocumb, Esq'rs., for the prisoner. A motion for a new trial was made and over-ruled, and sentence of death was pronounced. From this judgment the prisoner appealed to the Supreme Court.

7, 1852.

DON'T TALK OF OLD WOMEN.

The London Quarterly Review for April contains an interesting article, respecting the old Countess of Desmond, who died in the reign of James the First, and who is said to have pronounced Richard the Third as handsome a man as she ever danced with. By many persons the tale of this venerable matron is regarded as a fiction. But the evidence adduced in the Review proves conclusively that such a person really existed; that she appeared at Court when nearly a century and a half old; and that she finally died, not from the exhaustion of age, but in consequence of falling from a cherry tree and injuring her thigh, so that she caught a fever, which carried her off.

This tough old dowager seems to have been born in 1464, in the midst of the famous War of the Roses, which so long ravaged England. She came of a good Irish family, that is of one originally English, but long naturalized in Ireland. Early in life she visited the Court of London, where her beauty attracted some attention; for at one of Edward the Fourth's balls she danced with the Duke of Gloster, subsequently Richard the Third. Soon after she married the third son of Thomas, eighth earl of Desmond, a powerful family of Irish nobles. In 1528 her husband, then in his seventy-fifth year, succeeded to the title, as twelfth earl of her name. In 1534 he died. His countess received for her jointure the lands and castle of Inchiquin, which she held to within a few days of her death, more than seventy years subsequently. Wasn't she a trump?

The generations in which she lived were stirring times all through; and Ireland particularly was a constant scene of turmoil. What a fund of tradition her gossip must have been! Her youth was almost co-temporary with the last crusade; while her old age saw the settlement of Virginia. She could remember the murder of the princes in the Tower, the discovery of America, the first preaching of Luther, the burning of Cranmer, the defeat of the Armada, and the conspiracy of Guo Fawkes. She had already reached the allotted term of human existence, when the fatal battle of Flodden field was fought; yet she survived to behold a king of Scotland mount the throne of England nearly a century later. Eight earls of Desmond ruled, with almost princely sway, in Ireland, during her long term of existence. She saw many a rebellion in her native island, and no less than two dynastic revolutions in England itself. In her old age she was dispossessed of her jointure lands, by the forfeiture of the entire Desmond estates, in consequence of the treason of the sixteenth earl, and being thus reduced to poverty, repaired to London for redress, walking all the way from Bristol to the capital on foot. A portrait of her, painted during this visit, survives, and is well authenticated. What a woman!

The article in the Quarterly gives a striking picture of the wild life led in Ireland during her day. We must go to the hills of Kurdistan to find anything corresponding to it in our time. Of these troubles the Countess appears to have had her share. At one season she was living in nearly royal state with her husband; at another she was so poor that she had to walk to market, five miles distant, having no servant. Annuitants, dowagers and life-tenants are proverbially said to be long-lived, but this mediæl old Countess takes the palm of all her class, as she held her jointure for seventy years. Sir Walter Raleigh, who knew her, and is one of those whose testimony proves her great age, may be said, in one sense, to have had a hand in her death, for he it was that first introduced cherry trees into Ireland. Had the luscious fruit been kept out of the island, or had it been long enough there to become common, this ancient lady would probably not have given in till she had seen Charles the First beheaded, or James the Second sent into exile. Don't talk of old women, after a specimen like this!

It was the age, however, for "old folk." Parr, and several others, about that time, appear to have been engaged in a conspiracy against death; and, though they were all caught at last, they generally held out till they were a century and a half old. In these days of progress we cannot pretend to rival such doings. What with steamboats blowing up, and railroad trains going down; what with allopathy, homœpathy, and other pathies, he is as lucky man who can survive till seventy, much less to twice seventy, like the old Countess of Desmond. *Philadelphia Bulletin.*

THE FLOGGING OF A PRINCE. The London correspondent of a North German paper relates a story with regard to the way in which Prince Albert disciplines his children, which the Tribune translates as follows:

"The young prince stood one day in his room in the royal palace at Windsor, at the window, whose panes reached to the floor. He had a lesson to learn by heart, but instead was amusing himself by looking out into the garden and playing with his fingers on the window. His governess, Miss Hillyard, an earnest and pious person, observed this, and kindly asked him to think of getting his lesson. The young prince said: 'I don't want to.' 'Then,' said Miss Hillyard, 'I must put you in the corner.' 'I won't learn,' answered the little fellow resolutely, 'and won't stand in the corner, for I am the Prince of Wales.' And as he said this, he knocked out one of the window panes with his foot. At this, Miss Hillyard rose from her seat and said: 'Sir, you must learn, or I must put you in the corner.' 'I won't,' said he knocking out a second pane. The governess then rang, and told the servant who entered to say to Prince Albert that she requested the presence of his Royal Highness immediately on a pressing matter connected with his son. The devoted father came at once, and heard the statement of the whole matter, after which he turned to his little son and said, pointing to an ottoman, 'sit down there, and wait till I return.' Then Prince Albert went to his room and brought a bible. 'Listen, now,' he said to the Prince of Wales, 'to what the holy Apostle Paul says to you and other children in your position.' Hereupon he read Galat. iv. 1 and 2: 'Now I say that the heir, so long as he is a child, differeth nothing from a servant, though he be loved of all; but is under tutors and governors until the time appointed of the father.' 'It is true,' continued Prince Albert, 'that you are the Prince of Wales, and if you conduct properly you may become a man of high station, and even after the death of your mother, may become King of England. But now you are a little boy, who must obey his tutors and governors. Besides, I must impress upon you another saying, of the wise Solomon, in Proverbs xiii, 24: 'He that spareth his rod, hateth his son; but he that loveth him chasteneth him betimes.' Hereupon the father took out a rod and gave the heir to the throne of the weightiest empire of Christendom a very palpable switching, and then stood him up in the corner, saying, 'You will stand here and study your lesson till Miss Hillyard gives you leave to come out. And never forget again that you are now under tutors and governors, and that hereafter you will be under a law given by God." This, adds the correspondent, is an excellent Christian mode of education, which every citizen and peasant who has a child may well take to his heart as a model.

It may be proper to add that the youngster who is represented to have received this paternal admonition is but 11 years old.

The Magistrates of this county, on Monday last, appointed Mr. Branson G. Graham Clerk of the County Court of Guilford, to fill out the unexpired term of Gen. Logan, dec'd. *Greensboro' Pat.*

A QUARTERLY RETURN. The papers have teemed for weeks with repeated accounts of disaster by field and flood. The frequency of these so called accidents has not diverted attention from the causes which induced the catastrophes, but the interest centering in one event has hardly arrived at its climax before the occurence of something else, even more terrible in its nature, brings up a new subject for painful meditation. The results of the numerous collisions, burnings, and explosions which have taken place during the quarter are frightful. The causes of the disasters, doubtless, are mainly attributable to carelessness.

In the cases of the *Independence*, the *Jenny Lind*, the *William and Mary*, and the *Tennessee*, on the water; and in those of the New Haven, Erie, and Michigan railroads, the negligence of captains, engineers, and agents was very clearly indicated. In one or two of these instances an attempt has been made to hold the parties responsible, and this is particularly the case with the railroads in Michigan. In far too many of them, however, the blame has been affixed to no particular individual; the officers are still retained in their positions in the service of the companies, and are again at liberty to put in peril the lives of passengers who may be entrusted to their care.

In order that the real extent of these calamities may be fairly presented for consideration, we have prepared a summary statement of the disasters to vessels, and on the railroads of the Union, of which tidings were received here between the dates of April 1 and May 18. The exhibit is painfully interesting:

VESSELS.

Steamer Independence—Wrecked and burnt, February 16, near Margarita Island in the Pacific, 167 miles north of Cape St. Lucas; 129 lives lost

Steamer Tennessee.—Went ashore, March 16, near San Miguel, on the Pacific. Six hundred passengers on board; all rescued.

Steamer Jenny Lind.—Exploded April 9, while on the way from San Francisco to San Jose; 31 lives lost, 19 persons injured

Steamer S. S. Lewis.—Went ashore in the Pacific, near Bolinas Bay, April 9. Four hundred and forty passengers on board; all saved.

Steamer Albatross. —Lost in the Gulf, while on her way from New York to Vera Cruz, Ap'l 10.

Steamer Ocean Wave.—Burned on Lake Ontario, Saturday, April 30; 38 lives lost—passengers 21, and crew 16.

Barque William & Mary.—Wrecked on reefs in Bahama Channel, May 3; 170 lives lost.

RAILROADS.

Camden and Amboy—Afternoon train from Philadelphia, Saturday, April 23—ran off the draw-bridge at Rancocas Creek.

Michigan and Southern Central—Collision at the crossing, April 25; 16 lives lost, many persons injured.

Boston and Maine.—One man run over and killed, April 28, at Reading depot.

Reading.—One man killed near the Falls of the Schuylkill, May 5.

New Haven.—Morning express train from New York, Friday, May 6—ran off draw-bridge at Norwalk; 46 lives lost.

New York and Erie, Rampoa Branch—Collision on Monday, May 9; 2 lives lost.

Old Colony.—Freight train thrown off near North Braintree, Mass., May 11; cause, misplaced switch.

Taunton Branch.—Train thrown off, Saturday, May 7; 15 persons injured—cause, a broken axletree.

New York Central—Colision near Syracuse, May 3, between passenger and cattle trains; engineer hurt.

Hudson River—Child killed in this city, Monday, May 9.

Total—Loss of life during three months on sea and river steamers, 367. On railroads 66. Aggregate loss, 433.

From this statement it will be seen that upward of *four hundred persons* have lost their lives, during the transit from place to place on our various routes of travel, in the short space of three months. Besides the wrecks of sea-going vessels, attended with loss of life, no less than three first class steam ships have foundered; each containing a large number of passengers. These were rescued by strenuous exertions; but, under less favorable circumstances, they might have been added to the list of dead. These results indicate a lamentable laxity of discipline, a want of energy, and an absence of foresight, which demand the most vigorous investigation. *N. Y. Times, 19th.*

THE LIGHTNING—A FEW HINTS. It may be well to encourage timid people who are religiously or constitutionally alarmed at lightning, to state the doctrine of chances. As a general thing, the lightning does not strike within the space of a square mile, more than once a year. If the person is a red distant, he is seldom if ever killed. Now there are 70,400 square rods in a square mile, and if the lightning struck rod after rod, it would take 190 years to go over it; but it smites here and there, and that it will smite any special rod, there is not more than one chance to a hundred billion.

Again, other things being equal, the chance diminishes as it regards a low object, as the difference between the square of its height, and that of a lower; so that with a person six feet, and a tree sixty feet, there is but one chance out of 3,564 of the person's being struck. If he will go close to a tree, or in a house without a rod, his danger is proportionally increased.

Again, objects non-conductors when dry, become good conductors when wet. A dry silk umbrella, if not tipped with metallic substance, will ward off the lightning, but if wet, not. Get lightning rods for your houses and see to it that the fastenings be much smaller than the rods—that the rods enter the earth, and fear not the "red artillery."

It is well for persons who are naturally timid to get electrified a number of times. It renders them less electric, and therefore less in danger. Finally, death by lightning is the easiest of all deaths. An electric shock enters, we are instantly filled, and life is gone without a pang. "Ah! but the hereafter!" Well, live right here, and it will be all right with you there—if it must be so.

THE RABUN GAP RAILROAD. The prospects of this great work seem to be brightening. It will be recollected that 76 miles of it will run through the western corner of North Carolina, in the valley of the Tennessee River. William H. Thomas, Esq. of Haywood, the agent of the company, has recently visited the Northern cities, and has, we learn by a private letter kindly shown us by a friend, succeeded in getting 1,200,000 of the stock taken by Northern capitalists in the way of contracts and subscriptions. This amount, added to the subscriptions already made by the city of Charleston, the State of South Carolina, and private individuals, will be sufficient to give the work a very respectable beginning. When completed it will be the most important road to Charleston that has yet been built—tapping the valley of the Mississipi by an almost direct line, and bringing its rich productions to that favored city. Though we have in North Carolina, as yet, no great city to compete for this trade, it behooves us to keep an eye on the projects of our neighbors and to be ready at the proper moment to strike for a part of its benefits. *Fay. Caro.*

Archbishop Hughes, it is said, is negotiating for a lot of ground in New York, on which to erect a magnificent cathedral.

GREENSBOROUGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

The Annual Examination of this flourishing Institution took place on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Our town has been thronged with strangers—parents, guardians and friends of the pupils—who came to witness the exercises. For them it has been a pleasant season; but for the careful and laborious Faculty, on whose shoulders the responsibilities of the occasion rested, the season of pleasentness comes at the close of the Examination. The whole exercises passed off in a manner creditable to the established reputation of the instructors, and satisfactory to those whose daughters were entrusted to their care.

The order of procedure was carried out agreeably to previous announcement. A sermon to the graduating class was preached by the Rev. Robert O. Burton on Tuesday night; on Wednesday afternoon the two Literary Societies of the College held a public celebration; on Wednesday night the Concert, and on Thursday the Commencement exercises.

On Commencement day the Faculty and Students, with their visiting friends, moved in procession from the College to the M. E. Church, where they were joined by the Board of Trustees, and, with the numerous spectators, immediately filled the spacious floor and galleries of the church. The front of the gallery was hung, all around, with paintings executed by the students during the past session.

The order and character of the Commencement exercises are set forth in the printed programme, which we copy as follows:

Religious Services: Reading the Holy Scriptures: Prayer.

Salutatory Addresses—Miss Margaret Gizeal Nixon, Davidson.

Music—Duett: March from Linda di Chamonix—Miss Graves and Miss Adams.

"Spirits of the Past and Visions of the Future"—Miss Margaret Gizeal Nixon, Davidson.

Music—Vocal Duett: Bright Glowing Iris—Miss Gwyn.

"Woman's Sphere,"—Miss Caroline Anne Blake, Fayetteville.

Music—Song: I breathe once more my native air—Miss West.

"Undeveloped Ideas,"—Miss Mary Edwards Rich, Davie.

Music—Duett: Polka—Miss Clements and Miss Williams.

"There's a silver lining to every Cloud,"—Miss Mary Margaret McKendree Doub, Raleigh.

Music—Song: The Old Soldier's Return—Miss McDonald.

"Thoughts of the Dead,"—Miss Sallie Duty, Oxford.

Music—Vocal Duett: The Child's First Grief—Miss Mayfield and Miss McDonald.

"The Dignity of Labor,"—Miss Julia Franklin Morphis, Fayetteville.

Music—Overture to Zanetta—Miss Duty.

"The Year of Jubilee,"—Miss Anne Augusta Chandler, Granville.

Music—Song: Home I feel is drawing nigh—Miss Chandler.

"The Living Strive, the Dead alone are Glorious," Miss Lucy McGee, Pittsborough.

Music—Duett: From Ernam—Miss Peebles and Miss Puryear.

The Annual Report.

Valedictory of the Young Ladies of the College to the Graduating Class—Miss Mary Elizabeth Carter, Greensborough.

The Valedictory Addresses—Miss Lucy McGee, Pittsborough.

Degrees Conferred. Music—Parting Ode. Benediction,

In addition to the above, the following compositions were read previously to the exercises of Thursday, viz:

"The Deep Still Night,"—Miss Sally Gwyn, Surry.

"Numerous Streams of Pleasure compose one Lake of Happiness,"—Miss Catharine W. Mayfield, Warren.

"A Ray of Light,"—Miss Octavia R. Chandler, Granville.

"The Old North State,"—Miss Mary W. Ezell, Northampton.

A composition by Miss Catherine A. Blake, Fayetteville.

The names of the Graduates are as foilows:

Miss Lucy McGee, Pittsborough.
" Margaret Gizeal Nixon, Davidson.
" Caroline Anne Blake, Fayetteville.
" Octavia Roberta Chandler, Granville.
" Anne Augusta Chandler, do
" Mary Margaret McKendree Doub, Raleigh.
" Sallie Duty, Oxford.
" Mary Wyatt Ezell, Northampton.
" Sallie Leonora Gwyn, Surry.
" Catharine William Mayfield, Warren.
" Julia Franklin Morphis, Fayetteville.
" Mary Edwards Rich, Davie.

The development of thought, the style of composition, and the manner of reading, by these young ladies, denoted an advance in the mode and character of female education creditable to the age as well as to the Institution. The "honors" of the College were distributed among the Class—but *how* distributed we cannot recollect, and took no note at the time. *We* saw little difference in the grade of acquirement—all appeared to us like flowers of the same tree.

The closing address of President Deems to the Class was brief, but earnest and touching—in that style of eloquence which is so easy to himself and so fascinating to his hearers. Such instructions as his, fastened upon the memory by *his* manner, will be to these young ladies as "bread cast upon the waters." *Greensborough Patriot.*

FEMALE PREACHERS. The Apostolate of Miss Antoinette Brown has caused a good deal of astonishment and fun at the other side of the Atlantic, and the British writers appear anxious to learn all the particulars of this Reverend lady's life and adventures. We trust Horace Greeley will gratify them with an elaborate biography of his gifted friend. It would pay well, if published in a neat, portable shape, uniform with the last edition of Uncle Tom. The Dublin Nation indulges in a comical editorial on the "gifts" of the young lady in question, from which the following is an extract:

"We wonder is Antoinette single or married, or widowed? Is she young and handsome, or *passee*, and ugly? and does she wear the Bloomer costume, or the clerical *gown?* If she be young and well favored, it is all up with her bachelor parishioners. No human coon could stand it. If she be married, we trust she makes Browne fully sensible of his inferiority and his particular privilege in being jined to her. Browne (if there be so happy a critter) ought feel the dignity of being the worser-half of such a vessel of election; and the glorious responsibility which lies upon him, to keep house and larrup the children he takes the liberty of having,' in order that the Rev. Pastor's mind may not be distracted from the sublime cares of her sacred calling. If we were Browne, we would know how to value our Reverend helpmate—we'd know what to do with her."

What *would* you do with her? We sincerely hope the accomplished editor of the Nation will find leisure to answer this query some time or other, since we cannot see, for the lives of us, what is to be done with Miss Browne, and Miss Stone, and Mrs. Bloomer, and their allies, unless it is to—let them alone.

HON. STEPHEN ALLEN'S POCKET-BOOK. Among the victims of the Henry Clay disaster was Stephen Allen, Esq., an aged man of the purest character, formerly a Mayor of New York, beloved and esteemed by all who knew him. In his pocket book was found a printed slip, apparently cut from a newspaper, of which the following is a copy:

Keep good company or none. Never be idle.

If your hands cannot be usefully employed, attend to the cultivation of your mind.

Always speak the truth. Make few promises.

Live up to your engagements. Keep your own secrets, if you have any.

When you speak to a person, look him in the face.

Good company and good conversation are the very sinews of virtue.

Good character is above all things else.

Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts.

If one speaks evil of you let your life be so that none will believe him.

Drink no kind of intoxicating liquors.

Ever live—misfortunes excepted—within your income.

When you retire to bed think over what you have been doing during the day.

Make no haste to be rich if you would prosper.

Small and steady gains give competency with tranquility of mind.

Never play at any game of chance.

Avoid temptation, through fear you may not withstand it.

Earn money before you spend it.

Never run into debt unless you see a way to get out again.

Never borrow, if you can possibly avoid it.

Do not marry until you are able to support a wife.

Never speak evil of any one.

Be just before you are generous.

Keep yourself innocent if you would be happy.

Save when you are young to spend when you are old.

Read over the above maxims at least once a week.

AN ANECDOTE WITH A MORAL. A friend not long since told us an anecdote in relation to one of our subscribers, which contains a good moral for husbands, and also furnishes an example for wives which is not unworthy of imitation under similar circumstances:

The subscriber referred to, said to our friend, in the presence of his wife, that it had been his intention to call at the Recorder office, pay up his arrearages, and discontinue his paper. His wife very promptly asked, "Why do you intend to discontinue the paper?"

"Because," said the husband, "I am so much away from home on business, and have so little time to read, that there seems to be very little use in my taking the paper."

"Yes," responded the wife, "it may be of little use to *you*, but it is of great use to *me*. I remain at home while you are gone, and I wish to know what is going on in the world. If you discontinue the paper I will go straight to town and subscribe for it myself."

As the paper has not been discontinued, we suppose the wife's reasoning was conclusive.

The moral of this incident must not be overlooked. A husband should consider the gratification and profit afforded his wife and children by the paper, as well as his own, and not discontinue it simply because *he* may not have an opportunity to read it regularly. And further, it may remind some good husbands, not now subscribers, that it is their duty to take the paper, that their wives and children may "know what is going on in the world." *Hillsborough Recorder.*

IMPROVEMEMT IN THE FORM OF COUPON BONDS. The Charleston Courier says, that the Greenville and Columbia Railroad Company has issued its bonds in a form which makes them much more available than bonds of the common form. The bonds themselves are made payable to the owner, his order or assignee. The coupons are made payable to bearer. A register of the bonds and their owners is kept in the office of the Company, and if a bond is lost or destroyed, a new one may be obtained upon application at the office, just as a new certificate of stock is obtained under similar circumstances. The coupons being made payable to bearer, the owner, whilst enjoying the satisfaction of a safe permanent investment of his capital, experiences no difficulty in realizing the profits of it from time to time. *Fay. Caro.*

Superior Court has been in session here this week, his Honor Judge Caldwell presiding. We have had a very large Civil Docket, but no cases of importance have been tried, though a number of small ones have been disposed of. The only State case of importance is the State *vs.* Geo. Foster, a free man of color, charged with murder.

Mr. Solicitor Lander is here looking well, and discharges the duties of his office with ability and fidelity, and has won for himself a reputation with his brethren for courtesy and kindness. The Legislature in thus electing Mr. L. to this important station, has secured the very best talent, and placed the interests of the country in hands that will take abundant care of them.

P. S. Since going to press, we learn that a verdict of *Manslaughter* was rendered in the case of State *vs.* Foster. *Charlotte Democrat.*

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE. The Stockholders met in their new Banking House on Monday. S. W. Tillinghast, Esq., was called to the Chair and Jno. M. Rose, Esq., appointed Secretary.

The Reports of the officers show the affairs of the Bank to be in a very flourishing condition—a large surplus fund being on hand after paying for the erection of the New Building.

The President's salary was increased from $1250 to $1600.

Jno. D. Starr, Edmund J. Lilly, H. L. Myrover, Avon E. Hall, Jno. W. Pearce, Jas. Kyle, Charles Benbow and A. A. McKethan and T. S. Lutterloh, were re-elected directors.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, Jno. D. Starr Esq., was re-elected President. *Fay. Obs.*

SLAVERY IN KENTUCKY. A Kentucky paper expresses its perfect conviction that if the negro slaves of Kentucky could vote upon emancipation, connected, as it must of necessity be, with their removal from the State, a large majority would vote against being emancipated. It says:

"We know an instance where a number of family servants amounting to forty, were called together by the master and mistress, and their freedom tendered to them on condition that they would emigrate to Liberia. The slaves requested time to deliberate, and when it was granted, they fixed time for reporting the result of their deliberations—and at the appointed time unanimously refused the offer.

WHERE DOES EDUCATION COMMENCE. Education does not commence with the alphabet. It begins with a mother's look; with a father's nod of approbation, or his sign of reproof; with a sister's gentle pressure of the hand, or a brother's noble act of forbearance; with handsful of flowers in green and daisy meadows; with birds' nests admired but not touched; with humming bees and glass bee-hives; with pleasant walks in shady lanes; and with thoughts directed, in sweet and kindly tones and words, to nature, to beauty, to acts of benevolence, to deeds of virtue, and to the source of all good—to God himself.

SPECIAL EXPRESS NOTICE.

PARISEN & KING'S

NEW YORK, VIRGINIA, AND N. CAROLINA FREIGHT, PACKAGE, AND PARCEL

EXPRESS.

Per Steamships Roanoke and Jamestown.

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the Merchants, Bankers, and public generally of Raleigh, that having bought out the interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, and made arrangements, with the New York and Virginia Steamship Company for the transportation of their Express to Norfolk, Petersburg, and Richmond, and concluded arrangements with Messrs. H. D. Byrd & L. O'B. Branch, Esq'rs., of the Petersburg and Gaston, and Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, they are now prepared to transmit to and from New York, or either of their Agencies, every description of *Merchandize, Valuable Packages*, Bank Notes, Specie, Notes, Drafts, Bills, &c., with the greatest expedition, and at the most economical rates. We shall spare no trouble or expense, in making this the popular *Express* of Virginia and North Carolina; our long experience in the business North and West, and our ample means to conduct the same, we hope, will be a sufficient guarantee to the Merchants, to direct their correspondents to dispatch their goods through PARISEN & KING'S EXPRESS. We also wish it distinctly understood that we are in *direct* opposition to the old monopoly. *Give us a trial.*

W. B. PARISEN, } Proprietors.
JAS. H. KING, } ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y.
J. D. GRONER, Norfolk, Va., } H. D. TURNER,
W. D. TOWNES, Petersb'g, Va., } Raleigh, N. C.
M. V. L. MAULE, Rich'd, Va., }

N. B. We would also ask the attention of merchants at the following places—Chapel Hill, Hillsborough, Greensborough, Fayetteville, Salem, Cheraw, Pittsborough, Ashborough, and Salisbury, to facilities offered them for the transmission of *light packages* by our Express from Raleigh; and all orders sent to our Agent, H. D. Turner, Esq., for us, will meet with prompt attention. P. & K.

☞ There is a splendid line of Steamers plying regularly between New York and Philadelphia, daily at 5 o'clock, p. m., and their freight from Philadelphia to New York is very low. The Steamers leaving Philadelphia on Tuesday and Friday connect with Parisen & King's Express for the South from N. Y. Wednesday and Saturday. Merchants ordering their goods, from Philadelphia, to care of Parisen & King's Express, New York, will find this a much quicker way to get their goods, and at one-half of the cost.

Raleigh, March 22, 1853., 39—1y.

WM. B. PARISEN has this day associated with him, in the Express business, JAS. H. KING, Esq., and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style and firm of PARISEN & KING.

New-York, Feb 14, 1853.

THE subscribers having bought out the entire interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, the business hereafter will be conducted by Messrs. PARISEN & KING, at present No 2 Vesey street.

NOTICE.—Having disposed of my entire interest in the Express business, heretofore known as "Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express," I take pleasure in recommending to the community at large, the enterprising gentlemen composing the firm of Messrs. PARISEN & KING, who have assumed that business as Express Forwarders. LEVI DODGE.

Feb. 14, 1853. 39—2m.

House-Furnishing List.—Set No. 1, for Thirty Dollars.

THE following list of articles of good quality, which are all requisite in going to Housekeeping, may be had delivered in any part of the City, for thirty dollars, or any part at proportionate rates.

1 Kitchen Shovel, Tongs, and Poker, 1 Iron Tea-Kettle, 1 Tinned Iron Pot, 1 Tinned Iron Saucepan, 1 Soap-stone Griddle, 2 Tin Bake-Pans, 1 Tin Dripping Pan, 1 Tin Saucepan, 1 Small Tin Kettle, 1 Pepper and Flour Dredge, 3 Tin Pie Plates, 1 Tin Wash-Basin, 1 Dish Pan, 3 Table and Tea-Spoons, Iron, 1 Chop-Knife and Bowl, 1 Tea and Coffee Canister, 2 Japanned Lamps, 1 Match Safe, 1 Chamber Pail, 2 Smoothing Irons, 2 Large Cedar Wash-Tubs, 1 Wash-Board, 3 Doz Clothes-Pins, 1 Pint Measure, 1 Set Table Mats, 1 Britannia Coffee Pot, 1 Britannia Tea Pot, 6 Knives and Forks, Stag Handles, 2 Pair Carvers to match, 1 Corkscrew and Tunnel, 1 Large Waiter, 2 Painted Pails, 1 Coal Hod, 1 Gridiron, 1 Fry Pan, 1 Cullender, 1 Coffee Boiler, 1 Tea Pot, 1 Grater, 1 Tin Dipper, 1 Egg Whip, 1 Basting Spoon, 1 Skimmer, 1 Ladle, 1 Meat Fork, 1 Meat Knife, 1 Knife Board, 2 Scrub Brushes, 1 Dust Pan, 1 Dust Brush, 2 Brooms, 1 Coffee Mill, 1 Clothes Horse, 1 Flour Seive, 1 Oil Filter, 1 Knife-Box, 1 Door Mat, 1 Kitchen Table, 1 Potato Masher, 1 Flour Pail, 1 Spice Box, 1 Pastry Board, 1 Rolling Pin, 1 Clothes Line.

H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, May 19, 1853. 53—

Travellers Going North,

BY the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, accommodation train, (which leaves Raleigh at 8 a. m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays,) are informed that they will find an accommodation train to convey them to Petersburg, by the Greenville and Roanoke Railroad, in ample time to connect with the Express mail line to Baltimore.

Travellers will find this the most certain route, as there are two daily mail lines from Petersburg, North, besides one daily steamboat line to Baltimore, and two twice a week to Philadelphia and New York, direct by steamships.

For tickets and other information, apply to the subscriber at Gaston. JAS. B. TILGHMAN.
Agent G. & R. R. R. Co.

Office Greenville, R. R., N. C., }
Gaston, May 17, 1853. } 53—1m.

Pleasant Grove Male Academy.
Wake Forest, N. C.

WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., *Principal.*

THE next session of this institution will commence on the first Monday in July next. Board can be had for $6 50 per month, including washing, lights, and fuel. Tuition from $7 to $15 per session.

For further particulars address
DR. W. HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, N. C.

May 12th, 1853. 973—t15thJuly.

Notice to Country Merchants.

WE have been making large additions to our stock of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
making our assortment as commanding as at any time during the season.

Merchants replenishing their stocks for the Summer months would find it to their interest to give us a call.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL,
Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.

May 13th, 1853. 52—

N. B. Orders shall have our prompt attention.
S. & W.

Raleigh and Gaston R. R. Company.

THE Stockholders of this Company are informed that Cerificates of Stock have been prepared, and are now ready for delivery. Stockholders resident in Petersburg will apply to Thos. White, of that place; those of Warren County, to N. T. Green, Warrenton; those of Granville, to Thomas Miller and John S. Eaton; those of Franklin, to John G. King; and the rest will be delivered at office. W. W. VASS, *Treas.*

Raleigh, May 18, 1553. 53—3t

Commission Business.

THE undersigned will conduct a Foreign and Domestic Produce Commission business in the City of Petersburg, Va., under the firm of
STAINBACK & HARDEE.

Office, 3rd door West of Bollingbrook Hotel, North Side.

F. C. STAINBACK, W. H. HARDEE.
November 1st, 1852. 101—1y.

FOR SALE.

A TWO-STORY Dwelling House, with all necessary out buildings, pleasantly situated in the Western Ward in this City. Apply to
J. J. CHRISTOPHERS.

Raleigh, May 16, 1853. 52—3t.

WANTED.—Immediately, three good Carriage Painters. The highest cash price will be given.
DOBBIN & BROTHERS.

P. S. Also a Wheelwright.
Kinston, Lenoir, May 10, 1853. 51—1m.

A NEW and splendid lot of Paintings in Gilt Frames just received. Also a fresh supply of Oil Paints, Artists Brushes, Millboards, Stencil Brushes, &c. A fine assortment of Guitars, Violins, Banjos and Italian Strings received this day. Call and examine them.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

April 25, 1853. 48—

THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1853.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR IN THE SEMI-WEEKLY STANDARD.

One square, 6 months, 14 lines to a square,	$10
" " 12 " " "	$18
Two squares, 6 months, " "	$15
" " 12 " " "	$25
Three squares, 6 " " "	$20
" " 12 " " "	$30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the Weekly paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements. These will be inserted for one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

The above terms will be rigidly adhered to.

The Standard has a large and constantly increasing subscription list. It circulates in all the towns and counties in the State, and is read by farmers, mechanics, miners, merchants, ship-owners, turpentine-getters and distillers, lumber-men, and by professional and business men generally. Advertisers will, therefore, consult and advance their own interests by seeking public attention and favor through these columns.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

The Whig leaders in this State are just now afflicted with a return of their old concern and anxiety on the subject of the public lands. This shadow of an issue is all that is left them; some of them desire to get to Congress, and hence this concern and the displays of eloquence and patriotism which are now being made over this shadow.

It is a well known fact, that the Federal or Whig party, as represented by its leading men, has steadily opposed from the foundation of the government the acquisition of territory or of public lands. They took ground, in Jefferson's day, against the purchase of Lousiana, and exerted all their influence to prevent that purchase. They declared that the climate was sickly, and that the territory itself was worthless—that it could be fenced in only with alligators and inhabited only by Creole French. They pursued the same course in relation to Texas; and more recently, they made the proposed acquisition of California the subject of any quantity of remonstrances and of melancholy forebodings. Some of them gave it as their opinion, in Congress, that it was not worth a dollar, while others actually voted to withdraw our troops in disgrace and abandon the war; and in this State we were told, by leading members of that party, that it was of no more value than an old pencil-case, and would be, if acquired, the cause of real injury to our prosperity as a people. It would be useless to dwell upon the fallacy of these predictions. Every body now sees and feels that, in this matter, the Democrats were right and the Federalists wrong.

It is thus perceived, and perceived most truly, that the country owes to Democratic policy the extension of the area of free institutions and the consequent acquisition of public lands. If the opposite policy had prevailed, the mouth of the Mississippi would still have been in the possession of an European power, or would have been acquired only as the result of a war, into which circumstances must have forced the country—Texas would have been a Republic in name, but the dependency, in fact, of England—and California would have been, in all probability, also under the control of that power. In other words, if the policy uniformly advocated by the federal or Whig leaders had received the sanction of the people, we should not only have lost all these vast territories—commanding as they do the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific shores—but slavery would have been circumscribed, and the production of cotton and sugar, so far as we are concerned, would have been arrested and finally cut off; and millions of gold now pouring in, week by week, from California, would have flowed in steady streams into British pockets, British commercial houses, and British Banks.

The federal leaders have, therefore, never contributed either by word or vote to the acquisition of public lands; and yet every two or three years they come forward and raise a clamor over these lands, and make the most extravagant promises to the people as to what *they* will do with the proceeds, provided they will only elect *them* to Congress. Can it be possible that any portion of the people can again be deceived by the predictions and professions of these politicians?

We may have more to say on this subject in future numbers.

☞ Our little City has been favored, during the present week, with the presence of an unusual number of visitors. The State Agricultural Society met on Wednesday, the Council of State on Thursday, and on the same day the Episcopal Convention for this Diocese commenced its session. We have heard doubts expressed as to whether a successor to Ex-Bishop Ives will be chosen at this time.

☞ We are pleased to see in the City, on a visit to his friends, Edwin G. Speight, Esq., formerly of Greene, but now a resident of Alabama. Mr. Speight appears to be in the enjoyment of fine health.

We have also had the pleasure, during the week, of taking by the hand our old friend, Col. Philo White, formerly Editor of this paper. Col. White is now a resident of Wisconsin. He has been in the Legislature of that State, and was chosen President of the late Electoral College which cast the vote of Wisconsin for Gen. Pierce.

☞ We learn that Jno. P. Brown, Esq., and Gen. Edward J. Malette, have been designated by Gov. Reid as Commissioners for North Carolina at the World's Fair, New York, with Dr. David C. Freeman, heretofore named.

LUNATIC ASYLUM. We learn that at the meeting of the Council of State, on Thursday last, Dr. Thomas T. Hogg and Dr. R. B. Haywood, of this City, were appointed Commissioners of the Lunatic Asylum.

LAWRENCE BADGER. This gentleman, we regret to perceive by his Card in the Wilmington Journal, has retired from the Editorial chair of the Wilmington Free Press. We wish him prosperity and happiness in the pursuits of private life.

THE UNIVERSITY.

We are indebted to some friend at Chapel Hill for a "Catalogue of the Trustees, Faculty and Students of the University of North Carolina for 1852-'53."

There are 62 Trustees, the oldest appointment being that of Judge Potter, bearing date 1799. The next two are Jno. D. Hawkins, Esq., and Judge Nash, who were appointed in 1807. The Executive Committee consists of His Excellency Gov. Reid, Chairman, and Hon. Jno. H. Bryan, Maj. C. L. Hinton, D. W. Courts, Esq., B. F. Moore, Esq., Hon. Chas. Manly, and Hon. R. M. Saunders.

The members of the Faculty are as follows: Hon. D. L. Swain, LL. D., President; Rev. Elisha Mitchell, D. D., Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology; Rev. Jas. Phillips, D. D., Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy; Manuel Fetter, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature; Hon. W. H. Battle, A. M., Professor of Law; Rev. F. M. Hubbard, Professor of the Latin Language and Literature; Rev. Jno. T. Wheat, D. D., Professor of Rhetoric and Logic; Rev. Albert M. Shipp, A. M., Professor of French and History; A. G. Brown, A. M., Tutor of Ancient Languages, and Librarian; Charles Phillips, A. M., and Kemp P. Battle, A. M, Tutors of Mathematics; William H. Johnston, A. B., and Richard Hines, A. B., Tutors of Ancient Languages.

The whole number of Students is 270.

The school for the application of science to the arts, with Charles Phillips, Professor of Chief Engineering, and B. S. Hedrick, Professor of Agricultural Chemistry, will be put in operation in January, 1854.

The Annual Commencement Day is next Thursday. The Hon. A. O. P. Nicholson, of Tennessee, will deliver the Address before the two Literary Societies on Wednesday next; Rev. Francis L. Hawks, D. D., LL.D., will preach the Valedictory Sermon to the Graduating Class; and Dr. James H. Dickson, of Wilmington, will address the Alumni Association.

There is a steady increase in the number of Students, and the University is in a most flourishing condition. We trust that the fortunes of the institution may continue to improve and brighten.

We hear of a number of persons in this place who expect to be present at Commencement; and the prospect is, we learn, that the Commencement will be well attended and unusually interesting.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

We have the latest intelligence from Europe by the Franklin and Europa.

Mrs. Beecher Stowe has had a grand reception at Stafford House. The famous address of the women of England was presented to Mrs. S. by the Earl of Shaftsbury, and responded to by the Rev. Mr. Beecher. The great body of the English aristocracy fear and hate the free institutions of America, and they will unite with the most depraved in the hope of dividing the people of the United States, and of thus breaking up those institutions. The anti-Slavery element in the North has been encouraged and sustained by Englishmen and English women.

The news from China is important. The Chinese authorities had applied to the British Consul to protect the City of Nankin and quell the rebellion, which appears still to be making progress.

No other important news.

The Cotton market was quiet in Liverpool on the 14th May, with an advance of one-eighth. Breadstuffs had also advanced. Naval stores were tending upwards.

MR. McRAE.

It will be seen, by the following Card, which we find in the last Wilmington Journal, that Duncan K. McRae, Esq., has withdrawn from the canvass for Congress in the 3d District:

To the Voters of the 3d Congressional District.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—Circumstances which will be disclosed in a short time, have rendered it imperative that I should withdraw from the canvass for Congress in this district, and should announce to my fellow-citizens that I am no longer a candidate. I am deeply gratified for the kind manifestations which I have received from many friends, and if I did not feel assured that all who wish me well would approve my course, (as it has been approved by those whom I have had it in my power to consult,) I would not hesitate a moment to remain in the field and abide the result. I have the honor to be,

Very Respectfully,

May 24th, 1853. D. K. McRAE.

Mr. McRae has been appointed by the President, Consul for the United States at Paris.

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. This body met in this City on Wednesday last. There was a good attendance considering the number of its members. From the zeal and enthusiasm exhibited we should think that society was now established on a firm footing. Members were in attendance from Edgecombe, Onslow, Beaufort, Halifax, Cumberland, Granville, and other Counties. We shall publish the proceedings in our next.

☞ The first shipment of tobacco this season from North Carolina, says the Norfolk Argus, by the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, was received by Peter W. Hinton, Esq., and at his warehouse, sold at auction on Saturday, by J. H. Nash, auctioneer, at $14, to Messrs. Rowland & Brothers. Who will say, after this, that Norfolk is not destined to become a first rate mart for the sale of tobacco?

☞ The Hon. Robert Strange, says the Wilmington Herald, has consented to deliver an Eulogy on the life and services of the Hon. WILLIAM R. KING, late Vice President of the United States, before the people of Sampson County, on the 1st June next.

☞ We are indebted to Mr. Pomeroy for the June number of that valuable and interesting periodical, Harper's New Monthly Magazine.

The New York Times says it will be impossible to have the Crystal Palace building ready for the public before August.

It was well remarked by an intelligent old farmer, "I would rather be taxed for the education of the boy than the ignorance of the man—for the one or the other I am compelled to do."

THE APPOINTMENTS.

We find, in the Washington papers, the following appointments by the President:

Ministers Plenipotentiary.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Great Britain, James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania.

Secretary of Legation to Great Britain, John Appleton, of Maine.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Spain, Pierre Soule, of Louisiana.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia, Thomas H. Seymour, of Connecticut.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Mexico, James Gadsden, of South Carolina.

Secretary of Legation to Mexico, John Crips, of California.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Prussia, Peter D. Vroom, of New Jersey.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Central America, Solon Borland, of Arkansas.

Secretary of Legation to Central America, F. A. Beelen, of Pennsylvania.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Brazil, William Trousdale, of Tennessee.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Chili, Samuel Medary, of Ohio.

Minister Plenipotentiary to Peru, John R. Clay, late Charge d'Affaires in Peru, and formerly Secretary of Legation in Russia and Austria.

Minister Resident in Switzerland, Theodore S. Fay, long Secretary of Legation at Berlin.

Charges d'Affaires.

For Belgium, J. J. Seibles, of Alabama.

For the Netherlands, August Belmont, of New York.

For Sardinia, Richard K. Meade, of Virginia.

For Bolivia, Charles Levi Woodbury, of Massachusetts.

For Austria, Henry R. Jackson, of Georgia.

For the Two Sicilies, Robert D. Owen, of Indiana.

For Denmark, Henry Bedinger, of Virginia.

For Buenos Ayres, William H. Bissell, of Illinois.

For New Grenada, James L. Greene, of Missouri.

Commissioner to the Hawaiian Islands.

Shelton F. Leake, of Virginia.

Consuls.

For Acapulco, Chas. L. Denman, of California.

For Alexandria, Edwin De Leon, of South Carolina.

For Basle, David S. Lee, of Iowa.

For Bordeaux, Alfred Gilmore, of Pennsylvania.

For Bermuda, John W. Howdin, of Ohio.

For Bremen, Wm. Hildebrand of Wisconsin.

For Cork, Dennis Mullin, of New York.

For Dublin, M. J. Lynch, of Illinois.

For Dundee, W. H. De Wolf, of Rhode Island.

For Havana, Alex. M. Clayton, of Mississippi.

For Hong Kong, James Keeman, of Pennsylvania.

For Honolulu, Benj. F. Angell, of New York.

For Hamburg, S. M. Johnson, of Michigan.

For Lahaina, Geo. W. Chase, of Maine.

For Liverpool, Nath'l Hawthorne, of Massachusetts.

For Melbourne, Jas. M. Tarleton, of Alabama.

For Panama, Thomas W. Ward, of Texas.

For Paris, Duncan K. McRae, of North Carolina.

For Rio de Janeiro, Robt. G. Scott, of Virginia.

For St. Thomas, Chas. J. Helm, of Kentucky.

For Talcahuano, Wm. B. Plato, of Illinois.

For Trieste, Wyndham Robertson, of Louisiana.

For Trinidad de Cuba, John Hubbard, of Maine.

For Valparaiso, Reuben Wood, of Ohio.

For Venice, Donald G. Mitchell, of Connecticut.

For Zurich, Geo. F. Goundi, of Pennsylvania.

MAIL AGENT. Mr. George G. Lynch has been appointed Mail Agent on the route between Wilmington and Weldon, *vice* William H. Laspeyre, resigned. This is the same position which Mr. Lynch formerly held, and for which he is eminently qualified—being fully acquainted with its duties, and determined to perform them satisfactorily.

Wil. Jour.

ANOTHER STRIKE. The students in one of the New York colleges, who take their meals at the "college commons," have struck for better board. They stand manfully on their rights, and resolve that they won't eat anything till their terms are complied with. That's the way to do it.

Mr. Tucker, the engineer of the train which ran into the river at Norwalk, has been removed to New Haven, where his family resides. Doubts are entertained of his recovery. He is under $3,000 bonds.

STRONG WRITING. A Connecticut paper publishes some verses, called "The Fugitive Slave, by Grace Greeenwood," the first stanza of which closes thus:

"Surrender the slave,
No, never, by G—d!"

"Our army swore terribly in Flanders," but "Grace" would have startled Uncle Toby himself, in spite of the military manners to which he was accustomed "in the wars." A poem beginning so sprightly as this we should expect to conclude something as follows:

"Surrender the slave
To the trader in blood,
Surrender the slave,
I'll be d——d if I would."

We would very reluctantly suggest to "Grace" that profanity may sometimes be piquant, but it can never be poetic. *Boston Post.*

SALE OF NEGROES. On Friday last several negroes belonging to the estate of Farnifold Jernigan, deceased, were sold at the Court-house. One negro about 25 years of age brought $1040; another somewhere between 30 and 40 years old, sold for $810. A woman 28 years old and child were knocked down at $1055. Three boys 14, 12 and 10, brought 860, 800, and 700 dollars respectively. These prices seem to indicate that negroes continue to be in demand at as high rates as have prevailed for some time. The bidding was spirited, and sales quick.

Goldsborough Patriot, 24th.

ABOUT THE JUG. The jug is a singular utensil. A pail, tumbler, or decanter can be rinsed, and you may satisfy yourself by optical proof that it is clean; but the jug has but a little hole in the top and the interior is all darkness. No eye penetrates it, no hand moves over the surface. You can clean it only by putting in water and shaking it up and pouring it out. If the water comes out clean, you may judge you have succeeded in cleaning the jug, and *vice versa*. Hence the jug is like the human heart. No mortal eye can look into its recesses, and you can judge only of its purity by what comes out of it.

DISTRIBUTION OF EXTRA COMPENSATION SUSPENDED. The Union announces that the Secretary of the Navy has suspended the distribution of the fund voted by Congress as *extra* compensation to those engaged in the naval service on the coast of California during the Mexican war. He had reason to believe that measure was matured for defrauding the government by means of false affidavits and forged certificates, and his order of suspension was issued to detect and counteract these schemes of plunder.

Hon. Lynn Boyd, late speaker of the House of Representatives has, withdrawn from the Congressional canvass in the first district of Kentucky, in consequence of several candidates being in the field. H. C. Burnett, who was also a candidate in the same district, has likewise declined, and both have pledged themselves to take no part in calling a convention to make a nomination, thus leaving their party friends to pursue whatever course they may deem best.

Correspondence of the Standard.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24, 1853.

To the Editor of the Standard:

In the neighborhood of the Exchange in this city, there are a variety of shops and other local preparations, for the sale of newspapers and periodicals. There are also congregating about, and radiating from the same focus, something less than a thousand newsboys; a class of little bipeds, made up of elements which in all the world besides, would be considered without the scope of either analysis or synthesis. These noisy juveniles drive the same business, but of course pay no rent. All mercantile branches have their leading article, whether carried on within doors, or in the outer world, and the newspaper business forms no exception. The New York Herald holds the same indisputable pre-eminence in that trade, that sugar and coffee do in a country grocery store. To have the Herald, then, is absolutely necessary; to get it first, is a great advantage. For some years past, the publishers of this paper, have been in the practice of sending it on to the venders in this city, outside the mail, in packages addressed to each, so as to admit of an easy distribution at the depot in Kinsington, and without any further interference on the part of the Post Office. In the onset the boys as well as shopkeepers, received their supplies regularly, and at the same time; the point of reception being at the Exchange, and near two miles from the depot. The boys, however, became discontented with the course of things, and resolved to take the matter into their own hands. They held a meeting at the corner of some street of course, and decided to establish forthwith, an "Indian Express." In furtherance of this object, they appointed a committee to survey the route and in especial reference to the air line doctrine. The result, without going into detail, was that the plan was put into successful operation on the succeeding morning; and as each express boy was prohibited from running more than three squares before allowing himself to be relieved by the next on the line, at least thirty minutes were gained over the shopkeepers and local dealers.

Now, when an individual rents a place in one of our principal thorough-fares, whatever may be his business, he becomes at once, an object of interest to the party *not* of progress. The shopkeepers referred to, took the usual interest under this humane tendency of things, and the morning after the one which recorded the success of the boys, found the enterprise of these friendless little imps, characterised as the most reprehensible of outrages. The democratic papers, however, took up the gauntlet, and finally, "conquered a peace"; and it was said, that the Guadaloupe Hidalgo adjustment was all on the side of the boys.

Well, now, as the yankees say, about three weeks after the events referred to, that is, about eighteen months ago, while sitting in my office in Walnut street near the Exchange, for I shall have to be a little personal in this singular record, I saw the door open, and a Herald boy enter with a large bundle of unfolded papers. Without raising his eyes, or noticing a single object around him, he stepped up to a case which lay near the entrance, and finding it just the right height, and of sufficient width, he laid his papers upon the top, and began at once, to straighten them out, and fold them in a manner suitable to the street trade. I watched him until I became quite interested in the sober, taciturn, self-possessed method with which he handled the damp, almost smoking sheets. He was a stumpy little fellow about eight years old, wore a round brown jacket, and had on his head a leather cap without rim or border, and so old that every particle of coloring matter had long before evaporated, leaving the ground about the shade of his own complexion. Luckily, there was no one about to disturb him, and his job was soon over. When the last paper was folded, he snatched up the bundle, flew out at the door, and the usual cry of "here's the Herald," was heralded forth, in a voice possessing all the scope of Jennie Lind's except its harmony.

I cannot say at this moment that I thought of the Herald boy again that whole day, nor did I the next morning until his reappearance arrested my attention. His manner, looks and operations, were precisely the same on the second, that they had been on the first occasion; and he was also equally lucky in not being disturbed. On the morning of the third day, I looked out for him, and was rather gratified to see him enter as before. After this, I gave orders that the Herald boy should not be interrupted in case of his return, and that the case upon which he was in the habit of folding his papers, should be allowed to remain in the same place, until withdrawn by its owner.

Sunday now intervened, but the next morning found the Herald boy beside the case, and at his usual work. The next morning it was the same, and the next, until his visits became so much a part of the clock work of the establishment, that they ceased to be regarded by any one but myself. After about four weeks, the case of merchandise was withdrawn, but I had its place supplied by two smaller ones, before the usual hour, and they were adopted by the little laborer, without discovering the change.

During the whole of this time, the Herald boy had kept his own counsel, nor had he, to my knowledge, spoken to a soul in the establishment. He was ignorant of any interest that had been awakened in his favor, and also of the individual to whom he was indebted for the immunities he had been allowed to enjoy.

After three weeks regular use, the two boxes were also withdrawn; I then caused the doorslides to be placed upon small trussels and located in the same place. These were also adopted. On one occasion a gentleman coming in out of the snow, laid his umbrella upon this convenient place, but I discovered it just in time to have the top slide turned over, so as to present a dry surface.

Now, thousands who read these lines, if they should ever be so honored, especially in the South, will say to themselves, "why did he not give the little ant of a boy ten dollars and send him home; I would have done so?" Reader, you never were more mistaken in your life. The same hereditary impulse crossed my bosom an hundred times, but it was checked by the wisdom which even I had gleaned from experience. I would rather have contended with that boy for a quarter of a cent; that would have tended to confirm him in his habits of industry and economy, whereas, ten dollars thrown carelessly in his hand, would have tended with no less effect, to shame him from his humble pursuits. The worst of all virtues, is mistaken charity; like the spirit of Abolition, to gratify an inconsiderate impulse, it hazards the happiness of millions.

Through the whole of that coldest of cold winters, the Herald boy came and went as consistently as the sun. One bleak stormy day in March, I think about noon, I experienced what the world calls a presentiment; I felt that someting was wrong, or that something wrong was about to happen. I was restless, uneasy, nervous. Finally, an idea struck me, I called up the watchman, and asked him if the Herald boy had been there that morning. He told me he had not; but thinking, or rather hoping that he might be mistaken, I adjourned the matter over until next morning. When the usual hour approached, I fixed my eyes anxiously upon the door, but the hour came and passed by, without any signs of the Herald boy. The next day, and the next, I watched with increasing interest, but only to be disappointed as before. On the morning of the fourth, I stationed myself outside the door, and the first newsboy that passed, I stopped him and inquired after the Herald boy; but he knew nothing of him; nor could I after the most vigilant search throughout the whole day, gain the slightest knowledge of his whereabouts, or of any thing connected with such a being as I was able to describe.

Although I had frequently spoken of the Herald boy, I had concealed the interest I felt in him as men do their weaknesses, but now that he had disappeared I felt less reluctance at having my feelings canvassed. I inquired from day to day, at the different shops and newspaper offices, but all to no purpose. I visited the Kensington depot at the distributing hours, thinking it possible that he had been transferred to the "Indian express," but I was again disappointed. After a week or so of fruitless investigation, I thought of the House of Refuge, that great big cage for little birds. I accordingly made provision, and on a bright morning in the early part of April, I repaired to that establishment, and made my business known to an official. "I can't tell," said he, after I had described the Herald boy, "but I've got 'em here of 'most any pattern; you can look through and see if you see him." I took him at his word, but after a tedious and thorough examination, I saw nothing of my Herald boy. When again in the street, the first thing that fell upon my eye, was the beautiful Corinthian columns of the Girard College. I turned my steps rather instinctively in that direction. Before I reached the gate, however, I met one of the *attaches*, who told me in answer to my description, that such a boy would not be likely to have "influence" enough to get in the Girard College. I recollected myself, and thinking so too, gave up the search, at least in that direction. In fact, I believe from that moment, I abandoned it altogether.

For the next three or four months I thought less and less of the Herald boy, until his little square, substantial, careless, yet thoughtful image, had well nigh faded from my recollection. On a mild pleasant day in September, however, while passing up one of our principal streets, I met, somewhat out of place, two or three small newsboys, whose general appearance and manner caused me to recur to him once more. About the same moment, I saw at the corner of the street just in my route, an ordinary velocipede, a small threewheeled carriage, so constructed as to enable the child within, to roll itself along by means of a crank. This of itself, would scarcely have been noticed, but I thought I discovered in nearing it, something, or the nebulous of something, I had seen before. At first I distrusted my own eyes; nor was my confidence in them fully restored, until I stood by the carriage with both of them transfixed upon my Herald boy. "Do you know me," said I, for the first salutation. "No, sir," said he, "have the Herald, double sheet?" "But," I continued, "don't you remember the place in Walnut street, where you used to fold your papers?" "Oh, yes," he replied, with an air of careless indifference, "but I've lost my legs in the Rail Road, since then." Without pausing to think, I cast my eyes under the pile of papers in his lap, and saw that both of his little legs were off just below the knees. "Well," said I, and with much more interest than he was able to appreciate, "how do you get on now, since you can't run any more?" "I employ agents," said he, and off went the velocipede as the little fellow worked the crank.

"Well," said I to myself, "it is said there are no children now-a-days, and I will go no further for proof."

S. H.

For the Standard.

ANOTHER PLANK ROAD.

MR. EDITOR: "It never rains but it pours" is an old adage of very frequent verification. A few years ago North Carolina felt but little interest in Internal Improvements—now it seems to feel nothing else. The farmer is finding out that he must have better and quicker means of transit for his produce, or it will be useless for him to secure it; himself and his family must have opportunities to go out and see the world, or they will deteriorate in the midst of improvement; he must have means of obtaining the manures which are deposited in various parts of our country, awaiting only energy in distribution to cover the face of that country with new beauty. If the farmers in one part of the country or in one neighborhood have a plank road, their neighbors must have one too, or they will be ruined. Our people need to learn that time is money to a much greater degree than they feel it now; they are building railroads, and plank roads, and improving rivers, and "prospecting" for coal, and copper, and gold, and they are devising new schemes for hitherto unthought-of-enterprises. But this is, I hope, only the beginning of the end. Our monied men barely close their purses from paying out to one plan for neighborhood or general improvement but there is another one presented as urgent. Well, this is right, and no one ought ever to grudge a mite in such a cause—"Every little helps," if not directly and immediately, still indirectly and mediately.

There was a Plank Road meeting at Mooring's—the old stand on the road to Raleigh—on Saturday last. A large crowd was not there—but it seemed to be a determined crowd—determined not to be laggards in the praiseworthy strife for improvement. The Hon. William H. Battle, of the Supreme Court, was Chairman, and Mr. George Moore, Jr., was Secretary. President Swain, Mr. Hugh Waddell and Mr. Chas. Phillips successively addressed the assembled neighbors, to arouse their attention to the indispensable necessity of connecting themselves at once with some point on the Central Rail Road, or with Raleigh, or with the Coal fields, and so with Fayetteville.

On motion of Mr. Waddell it was

Resolved, That the Commissioners named in the Act for incorporating the Chapel Hill and Raleigh Plank Road be requested at their earliest convenience to procure a competent Engineer, who shall survey the respective routes, and report to them the most eligible one for said road.

By Gov. Swain:

Resolved, That said Commissioners shall call a meeting of the persons most interested in the said route at as early a day as practicable, at such place as the Commissioners may deem most suitable.

The good people of Raleigh should not be indifferent to this movement. The plank roads are the farmer's roads, and much contribute to the towns where they terminate; they are feeders to our rivers and railroads; they invite the retired farmer to visit the world frequently, and take his wife and daughters with him. Charmed by the agreeableness of the road and of the company with him, he does not, as hitherto, object to a new dress or a fashionable bonnet. So trade is not at all injured by plank roads.

There are two plans proposed for this plank road from Chapel Hill to Raleigh—one along the line of the present stage road to Morriss' station, on the Railroad; the other by Williams' mill, or New Hope, all the way to Raleigh. This road might intersect the proposed plank road from Raleigh to Haywood, and the coal beds at or near Salem Church—on the present road from Raleigh to Haywood—and so "kill two birds with one stone." It will shorten the road to be built from Chapel Hill, if it is to be completed to Raleigh; it will increase the amount of travel on the Haywood road, whether, at Salem, the wagoner or traveller chooses to visit Raleigh or to go towards Deep River.

We all know how hard it is to change the channels of trade when once formed. The citizens of Raleigh ought to be wide awake to these schemes for centering trade and travel at their town, and they should so contrive that these schemes do not interfere with each other. So when the Commissioners advertise the next meeting about the Chapel Hill and Raleigh plank road, let there be several gentlemen of Raleigh present to provide for their interests and to help their neighbors to come and see them.

Yours respectfully,

THE PLANK ROAD MAN.

Chapel Hill, May 23d, 1853.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE—A WORD OF CAUTION TO OUR READERS. The Ledger circulates largely in distant cities and towns; and we have many subscribers in remote parts of the country who rely upon our columns for accurate information, not only on things commercial, but on every matter that pertains to their interest. At present there is a topic of some importance, on which we feel bound to impart a little information to our readers, even at the risk of offending *interested parties*. There is a very prevalent idea in the country that the Crystal Palace will open some time during the present or in the beginning of the next month; and, indeed, people are constantly arriving in this city at the present time, supposing that the "Great Exhibition" is now open. Such people very soon find that they have been laboring under a delusion—that *they have been deceived*; and as President and Directors have not seen fit to state the true opening time, we will give our readers a few hints on the subject, which may be of some use to them.

The Crystal Palace managers, it is well known, repeatedly announced during the past winter that the exhibition would open on the first of May; but it seems that they met with disappointments, and consequently were unable to fulfil their promises. They have not, however, so far as we are aware, since they met with those disappointments, taken any measure to inform the public when the opening will actually take place, and, owing to this neglect, people from the interior are coming to New York with the belief that they will have an opportunity of visiting the 'World's Fair.' Now, we do no know when the Crystal Palace will be finished; but judging from the present appearance of the building, IT WILL NOT BE READY FOR VISITORS BEFORE JULY OR AUGUST, and we have our doubts whether it will be completed at that time. This little bit of information we feel bound to give to our readers; and now they can act as they see fit about coming to New York during either the present or the ensuing month for the purpose of seeing the American Crystal Palace. *We have washed our hands of something that looks like an attempt to humbug people residing out of the city.*

N. Y. Merchant's Ledger.

Two Cuban ladies, residing in New York, have been cited by the authorities at Havana to appear here and answer to a charge of treason.

THE FUTURE LIFE.

If William Cullen Bryant had never written but the following lines, they would give him a perfect title to the name of poet:

How shall I know thee in the sphere which keeps
The disembodied spirits of the dead,
When all of thee that time could wither, sleeps
And perishes among the dust we tread?

For I shall feel the sting of ceaseless pain
If there I meet thy gentle spirit not;
Nor hear the voice I love, nor read again
In thy serenest eyes the tender thought.

Wilt not thy own pure heart demand me there?
That heart whose fondest throbs to me were given?
My name on earth was ever in thy prayer,
Shall it be banished from thy tongue in heaven?

In meadows fanned by heaven's life-breathing wind,
In the resplendence of that glorious sphere,
And larger movements of the unfettered mind,
Wilt thou forget the love that joined us here?

The love that lived through all the stormy past,
And meekly with my harsher nature bore,
And deeper grew and tenderer to the last,
Shall it expire with life, and be no more?

A happier lot than mine, and larger light,
Await thee there; for thou hast bowed thy will
In cheerful homage to the rules of right,
And lovest all, and renderest good for ill.

For me, the sordid cares in which I dwell
Shrink and consume the heart, as heat the scroll;
And wrath hath left its scar—that fire of hell
Has left its frightful scar upon my soul.

Yet, though thou wear'st the glory of the sky,
Wilt thou not keep the same beloved name,
The same fair thoughtful brow, and gentle eye,
Loveller in heaven's sweet climate yet the same?

Shalt thou not teach me, in the calmer home,
The wisdom that I learned so ill in this—
The wisdom which is love—till I become
Thy fit companion in that land of bliss?

New School General Assembly.

BUFFALO, May 23. The New School Presbyterian Assembly was in session again to-day, but transacted no business of importance. Philadelphia was fixed upon for holding the next annual meeting.

Dr. Cox, from the committee on bills and overtures, presented several overtures, condemning the fashion of dancing—on the right of summary suspension of church members on account of absence—affirming the right of a man to marry his niece, stating that though it is not desirable, it is not opposed to the Scriptures.

A paper was read from the Presbytery of Oswego, refusing to send a Delegate to the Assembly, while it continued its connection with Slavery. Considerable debate arose upon this, which was not quite harmonious.

Rev. Mr. Spees counselled the Assembly to be cautious, as many important Presbyterians, who held on by a very slight tie, would be easily thrown off by contemptuous or hasty proceedings. The paper was referred to the committee on bills.

Proceedings of the Massachusetts Legislature, &c.

BOSTON, May 21th. The House to day rejected the resolution providing for the erection of a monument to Webster, by a vote of 111 to 115.

The Senate rejected the Hoosac Tunnel Bill by 22 majority.

A salute was fired from the wharf of the Cunard Steamship Company in honor of the birth-day of Queen Victoria.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, May 25. The foreign appointments are generally regarded as of a high order, though of course some dissatisfaction is felt by the disappointed, a large number of whom left the city to-day.

Charles Levi Woodbury, set down as charge to Boliva, has declined the appointment.

Wm. Smith, a Whig clerk in the third auditor's office, was removed to-day, and is succeeded by Mr. Jones, of Delaware.

The Gardiner jury were still out at 9 o'clock this evening.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Courier and Enquirer, under date of the 14th inst., says:—"The total number of dismissals from office at Washington since the 4th of March, has been two hundred and fifty. The indications still are that there will be a complete renovation on or before the 1st of July."

MARRIED,

In Wake County, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. James B. Jackson, at the residence of her father Mr. William Shaw, John F. Curfman, Esq., to Miss Mary W. Shaw.

"Before the man of prayer
They slowly gather'd round
As silent as the floating air,
That floats without a sound,
And with a downcast brow
Close to her lover's side
Came forth in raiment white as snow
The young and timid bride. [Com.

☞ City papers will please copy.

At St. Luke's Church, on Thursday evening, 19th May, by Rev. T. S. W. Mott, Mr. H. H. Smith, of Catawba College, to Mary Brent, daughter of the late Col. Michael Hoke, of Lincolnton, N. C.

County Court Clerkship.

WE are requested to announce THOMAS G. WHITAKER, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Wake at the ensuing election.

March 2d, 1853. 31—te.

WE are requested to announce CALVIN J. ROGERS, Esq., as a candidate for Clerk of Wake County Court at the ensuing election.

April 7th, 1853. 41—te.

WE are requested to announce OSBORNE BOWERS as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court, at the ensuing August Election. If elected, he will devote himself, with untiring assiduity, to the discharge of the duties of the office.

March 18, 1853. 50—te.

WE are requested to announce JEFF. UTLEY as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of the County of Wake, at the ensuing August election.

April 8, 1853. 41—te.

WE are requested to announce JOHN L. TERRELL as a candidate for the Clerkship of the County Court of Wake.

April 28, 1853. 47—te.

New and Fashionable Jewelry.

WE are receiving our new supply of Watches, Chains, Seals, Keys, Ear Rings, Breastpins, Finger Rings, &c. PALMER & RAMSEY.

Raleigh, May 24, 1853. 53—

Just Opened,

SOME very fine Bracelets, and full sets of Breast Pins, Ear Rings, something new.

PALMER & RAMSEY.

May 24, 1853. 54—

By Parisen & King's Express.

A Fine lot of Silver Spoons and Plated Ware.

PALMER & RAMSEY.

May 24, 1853 54

A Fresh Supply of

BROWN, clarified, crushed and pulverized Sugars, Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffees,
Beef Tongues and Dried Beef,
Soda and Water, Butter and Sugar Crackers,
ALSO,
4 CASKS Scotch Ale, and London Brown Stout,
1 " Port Wine, a superior article,
1 " Claret Wine, St. Julien.
Received at P. MAHLERS & C.

Bank of the State of North Carolina,

RALEIGH, May 4, 1853.

RESOLVED, That the Branch of this Bank, at Elizabeth City, be discontinued, from and after the first day of June, 1854.

By order of the Board of Directory.

C. DEWEY.

May 13, 1853. 52—6w.

AMERICAN HARDWARE, &C.

E. P. TABB & CO.

HEAD OF THE SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving large additions to their stock, by almost every arrival from the East, which having been purchased at the cash discount prices, they are enabled, and determined to sell as low as articles of a similar quality can be bought in the Northern cities Their assortment comprises

Cotton, Wool, Horse and Negro Cards,
Long and short handle Manure Forks,
" " Shovels and Spades,
Box and screw up Coffee Mills,
Wire and Hair Sieves and Searches,
Cotton Leading Lines, Bed Cords,
White Hemp Rope, assorted sizes,
Shoe Brushes, Blacking, Hide Whips,
Broad and Narrow Axes, Adzes,
Fancy Steel Blade Garden Hoes,
A full assortment of Hollow Ware Castings, embracing Ovens, Pots, Spiders, Skillets, Fire Dogs, Griddles, &c.
Also a general assortment of Fancy Goods, such as Needles, Pins, Combs of every kind,
Tooth, Hair and Shaving Brushes,
Fancy Soap, Snuff and Shaving Boxes,
Bone, Fancy Gilt, Porcelain and Pearl Buttons,
Pocket Books, Porte Mounaies, Purses,
Silver, Brass, Steel and White Metal Thimbles,
Looking Glasses, &c.

April 26. 1853. 46—w3w.

ROBERTS'S

COPPER, TIN AND STOVE DEPOT,

ROANOKE SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

IN STORE, a large and varied assortment of all kinds of COPPER and TIN Wares, at wholesale and retail, ower than at any other establishment in Virginia. Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., &c., executed in the best manner, with due regard for steam pressure.

STOVES AND HOT-AIR FURNACES,

Of all kinds, for all purpores, Metallic Roofing, Gutters and Pipes for Buildings, Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Bar and Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., Ethereal Oil, and Lamps for using it, Shower Baths and Bathing Apparatus, of all the newest and most approved patterns.

WM. D. ROBERTS, JR.,
Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

April 19, 1853. 44—sw6m.

WHOLEALE TRADE,

For March, 1852.

OUR SPRING STOCK of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

is now complete. The assortment is large and commanding.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

are invited to call and examine styles and prices, feeling confident that we can offer as great inducements as any Jobbing House North or South.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL.
Sycamore Street Petersburg, Va.
34—

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

E. P. TABB & Co,

HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.

HAVE received per ships Currituck, Star of the West and Conqueror, their Spring importations, comprising a full assortment of

Elwell' Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes,
Best C S Spades, Trace, Halter and Backband Chains,
Long and short handle Fry Pans,
Table and small Cutlery, a great variety.

To which they invite the attention of purchasers, pledging themselves to furnish every article as low as it can be purchased in the Northern cities.

April, 26, 1853. 46—w3w.

VALUABLE WARREN LANDS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having determined to move South, offers for sale his valuable lands lying in the Counties of Warren and Halifax, situate 14 miles from Warrenton and 8 miles from Littleton, on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, containing 4,400 acres. These lands are equal to any in the County of Warren for the production of corn, wheat, and tobacco. About 700 acres of the tract is bottom land of a fine quality, one half of which is cleared and thoroughly canalled and drained, the other half is in original forest and heavily timbered. There is a sufficient quantity of cleared land on the tract, mostly fresh, to work fifty hands to advantage. The tract can be conveniently divided into three farms. It is unnecessary to give an extended description of these lands, as persons wishing to purchase will examine and judge for themselves. The subscriber being anxious to sell, will submit to a sacrifice to effect a sale; therefore persons wishing to invest capital in real estate would do well to examine these lands.

In my absence Mr. Evans will take pleasure in showing the land and making known the terms, which will be accommodating. S. A. WILLIAMS.

Warren County, N. C., May 9, 1853. 50—8tw.

HARRIS'S BAKERY.

NORFOLK, VA.

THIS old and widely known establishment continues to furnish, of superior quality, and on the most reasonable terms:

BUTTER CRACKERS, WATER CRACKERS,
SUGAR CRACKERS, SODA CRACKERS,
ANTI-DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,
AND WINE BISCUIT,

Also, MOLASSES CAKES, suitable for country stores, neatly put up in barrels and smaller packages.

CHARLES HARRIS.
Norfolk, April 25, 1853. 46—9m.pd.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND General Produce Brokers,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.,

OFFER their services to the Shipping, Planting, Trading and Manufacturing Interests.

We will give strict attention to Shipping or Selling Tobacco, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Lumber and Naval Stores; and Forwarding Merchandise with Despatch.

Lime, Plaster, Guano, Cement and Salt, always on hand.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER. JAMES C. WHITE.
April 7th, 1853. 41 3m.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

OFFER FOR SALE: 1,000 Sacks Liverpool Salt,
800 Casks Eastern and W. C. Lime,
150 bbls. S. F. Flour,
12 Hhds. Sides and Shoulders,
10,000 lbs. Virginia Cured Family Bacon,
50 packages Refined Sugar.
Orders for Merchandize filled with despatch.

NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va. April 14, 1853. 43—3m.

GUN, LOCK-SMITH, AND BELL-HANGER.

CHARLES KUESTER,

WOULD respectfully inform the Citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country that he has located permanently in Raleigh, and has opened a Shop on Wilmington Street, (in Dr. Cooke's brick-building,) where he will be found at all times, ready to execute any "Job" in his line, in a style that shall not be surpassed by any other person, and the charges shall always be moderate. CALL AND SEE.

Raleigh, February 21, 1853. 960—

WILLIAM S. MASON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Raleigh, N. C.,

WILL attend the Courts of Chatham and Wake He can be found at his office on the same square with James McKimmon's residence.

January 23d, 1853. 20—1y.

WINSTON & CLARKE,

COUNSELLORS AND ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

P. H. WINSTON. WM. J. CLARKE.
March 29, 1853.

ANOTHER box of that celebrated Oronoko Brand of chewing Tobacco. Received this day by

H. D. TURNER.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE undersigned being about to remove from the State for a time, offers for sale his farm at Beatties Ford, containing about 600 acres. Its situation for healthfulness, fertility, and beauty, is well known. It has every improvement for comfort that can be desired; as a location for mercantile business, a position for a Lawyer, (having six Court-Houses within a few hours journey;) or for a farmer it has great advantages. The buildings are of the most excellent character; a large Dwelling-House 50 ⋈ 60 feet large, two stories high, and all proper out Houses pertaining thereto. A large and commodious Cotton Gin-House, a Store-House, a Saw and Grist-Mill.

He will sell also all the Household FURNITURE, and a portion of his Library. The furniture is of the most superior order, of the latest style, and has been well kept.

There is no better property in the State. He will also sell for cash, his valuable stock of SLAVES, twenty one in number, many of them choice and young; on the 1st of June next. He also will sell his stock of

Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c.

His cattle are of the improved Kentucky breed, procured at much expense and trouble. Also a large quantity of

Corn, Fodder, Hay and Bacon.

He also offers the balance of the stock of GOODS belonging to the late firm of Wheeler & Kerr, on the most advantageous terms.

All the above is offered at private sale, and if not sold privately, will be offered publicly on Wednesday the 1st day of June next, and continue from day to day until all is sold. Terms made known on the day of sale.

Seldom is such property offered for sale, and great bargains may be expected. The title of said property to be placed beyond all question.

All persons indebted to me or to the late firm of Wheeler & Kerr, must make payments forthwith.

JOHN H. WHEELER.

Beatties Ford, Lincoln county, N. C., May 2, 1853. [50—tIJ.

The North Carolina Whig and Western Democrat, Charlotte; the Yorkville Remedy, Yorkville, S. C.; the North Carolina Argus, Wadesboro', will copy until 1st June and send accounts to J. H. W.

NEW FIRM AND NEW STORE,

In Forestville, N. C.

THE subscribers having bought the Store-House and lot lately occupied by Owen and Williams and entered into co-partnership under the firm of

JONES & CRENSHAW,

for the purpose of conducting a mercantile business, beg leave most respectfully to inform the public that they are now receiving their

Spring and Summer Supply of Goods;

bought with the utmost care by the senior partner, and upon the most favorable terms. We shall give our personal attention to the Store, endeavoring to please, and to cash and punctual customers we will sell GOOD BARGAINS.

We solicit an examination of our well selected Stock (which we will regularly replenish,) and hope to merit and share liberally of public patronage. Call and judge for yourself and oblige,

WILLIE D. JONES,
WM. M. CRENSHAW.

Forestville, April 1, 1853. 969—w4w

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.

Manufacturing as we do all our own clothing, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our cloths, cassameres, &c at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.

It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.

Our Custom Department,

Is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.

Our Wholesale Rooms.

Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(Successors to N. PERRY.)

Petersburg, Virginia May 5th, 1852. 52—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES,

At Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent

Stock of Leather and Findings,

for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.

All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles, viz:

20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 doz. French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.

Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles, too numerous to mention, at No. 21 Old street, apposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD,

N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.

Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

We Study to Please.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

A NEW DRY GOOD STORE,

On Fayetteville street, second door below Messrs. Williams, Haywood & Co.'s Drug Store.

JOHN CREECH has just returned from the Northern cities, where he has purchased a large and beautiful assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, of the latest styles and patterns for the Spring and Summer Trade. Also, a large and beautiful assortment of Hats and Caps of all kinds; a large and beautiful assortment of Ladies and Misses Bonnets, and children's Hats and Flats, all of the latest styles. Also, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes Guns and Pistols, Hardware and Cutlery; a good assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols a good assortment of men's and boys summer Clothing which will be sold too low to fear the competition of Jews.

All persons in want of New Goods and good bargains will do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I tender my most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage I have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of my business, to merit its continuance.

JOHN CREECH.

Raleigh, N. C., March 8th, 1853. 32—w.

State of North Carolina, Ashe County.

COURT OF EQUITY, SPRING TERM, A. D. 1853.

Linville Williams, Emerilla Williams, Sam'l. D. Caldwell and his wife Susan, *vs.* John Williams, Henry Williams, James Toliver, Catharine Williams, John Wesley Williams, Alfred Clawson and wife Nancy, Martha Ann Williams and Polly Jane Williams.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Polly Ann Williams, one of the defendants in this suit, hath removed from this State, and is a non resident, it is ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks notifying the said Polly Ann Williams to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court of Equity, at the next term to be held for the County of Ashe, at the Court House in Jefferson, on the 2d Monday in September next, and then and there to plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against her.

Witness George Bower, Clerk and Master in Equity, at office, the 3d Monday in March, A. D. 1853.

GEO. BOWER, C. M. E.

April 16, 1853. (Pr. Adv. $5,62½.) 968—6w.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having determined to exchange Merchandizing for Agriculture, offers for sale all his Real Estate in the town of Tarborough, to wit:

His Store Lot on the Court-House square, well known as "The Brick Store," with all necessary ware-houses and other buildings for merchandizing.

This Lot is considered one of the most desireable in Town, and has been tenanted as a place of trade without intermission ever since the foundation of the town.

Also, the residence of the subscriber, which has a good dwelling-house of five rooms, a basement and cellar, and all necessary buildings for a town residence—good fruit garden, &c.

The residence is located in one of the best neighborhoods of the town, and was successively occupied by the late Joseph B. Lloyd, James Weddell, and the late Henry I. Toole.

All the bnildings and improvements are in good repair Also, for sale a well assorted Stock of Goods.

JOSEPH H. BOWDITCH.

Tarborough, April 14th, 1853. 44—tf

Tombs, Monuments, Head-Stones, &c

THE Subscriber having been North and purchased a large assortment of Italian and American MARBLE for *Monuments, Tombs*, and *Headstones*, and *Hearth, paint stones, slabs* for *Soda Founts, Baker's Slabs*, and Nova Scotia *grindstones*. solicits the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. He invites the citizens to call and see his monuments, tomb and head stones and drafts, or send their orders, which will be punctually attended to.

The subscriber has been in business in this place sixteen years, and you can refer to any of the citizens of Raleigh.

His Marble-Yard is ten minutes' walk from the State House, at the South-East Corner of the Graveyard.

The subscriber has examined the Northern prices, and has no hesitation in saying he can do work on as reasonable terms as any.

WILLIAM STRONACH.

Raleigh, Sept. 6, 1852. 85—1y.

Caswell Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

THIS Company, chartered at the last session of the General Assembly of North Carolina, and located in the town of Milton, has been fully organized, and is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Houses, Furniture, Goods, Factories, &c. The terms will be the same as those of the other Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of the State.

All applications must state the location and situation of the buildings and other property on which insurance is desired.

The undersigned has been appointed General Agent for this Company, and he is also the Agent for the Ætna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, and the Hartford Insurance Company, located in the same place.

All applications for Insurance or local Agencies to be addressed to WILLIE J. PALMER, *Secretary*, or the subscriber,

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.

Milton. N. C. April 15, 1853. 43—tf.

HURRAH FOR CHATHAM!

NEW TOBACCO FACTORY AT PITTSBORO'.

LONG & BURNET,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Chatham and adjoining Counties that they have established

A TOBACCO FACTORY

in Pittsboro', and wish to purchase all kinds of Tobacco, viz: Common and Fine. For fine yellow Tobacco they are willing to pay liberal prices, from $6 to $12½, according to quality and color.

All those having Tobacco for sale will do well to give us a trial before selling elsewhere, as we are determined to give the full value for each quality.

Pittsborough. Feb. 4, 1853. 23—3m.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with a decree of Wake Court of Equity, at Spring Term, 1853, I shall offer for sale on Friday, the 3d day of June next, at Stricklands Store in Wake County, a tract of land owned by the late Berry Bunn containing about four hundred and eighteen acres and lying on the west-side of Moccasin Creek and bounded by the lands of Code Bunn and others; also on the same day two tracts of land in Franklin County, one containing about sixty acres, adjoining the lands of Obediah Strickland and others, and the other on Moccasin Creek containing by estimation three hundred and seventy two acres. The two last named tracts to be sold on the premises

Terms of sale six and twelve months credit, bond and good security required.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, C. M.

April 28, 1853. 47—

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS

AT THE BAZAAR!!

WHITE, Buff, Brown, Mottled, Plaid, Striped, and Planters' Linen Coats; White and Buff Grass do., Drab, Blue and Mottled Croton do., Black and Fancy Alapaca do., Plaid and Fancy Cassimere do., Blk. Summer Cloth and Cassimere Sacks, half Sacks and Frocks, Tweeds, Cashmeretts and Angolas do.; Planters' Linen, Plaid, White, Striped, Mottled Linen, and Cassimere Pants in great variety; Sontag, Cassimere, Silk and Linen Vestings, Quiltings and Weltings do., rich styles. A large assortment of Lawn and Linen Cambric Handkerchifs, plain and fancy borders, Silk and Lisle Embroidered Cravats, plain and fancy Lawn do, fancy Silk do. Alexander's and Chossin's White and Colored Kid Gloves, Black do, Lisle and Linen do, Washed Norway do., Fine Doe do. Black Colored Silk do., Plaid and Striped Silk and Cotton Half Hose do. We are weekly receiving large supplies selected from the most desirable styles in the market, which we warrant made equal to custom work in fit and finish.

Our furnishing Department comprises every new and fashionable article necessary for a regular outfit, which will be sold at the lowest market prices by

A. S. SHAFER & CO., Clothing Bazaar,
Sycamore street.

Petersburg, April 28, 1852. 47—

SAM'L M. WILSON. | GEO. W. GRICE.

WILSON & GRICE,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,

Portsmouth, Va.

GIVE their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of very description, and make liberal consignments.

REFERENCES.

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" Montgomery & Plummer, do.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Ch'f Eng. Central Rail Road.

May 2, 1853. 48—1y.

PETER W. HINTON,

Commission & Forwarding Merchant,

NO. 1, 2 & 3, ROTHERYS' WHARF,

NORFOLK, VA.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale of Flour, Cotton, Tobacco and other Produce.

Advances made on consignments.

Strict attention paid to forwarding and receiving merchandize.

REFERENCES.

Maj. Chas. L. Hinton, Raleigh.
George W. Haywood, Esq., Raleigh,
J. B. G. Roulhac, Esq., Raleigh,
William Plummer, Esq., Warrenton.

April 19, 1853. 44—w.6m.

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

Fine Table Cutlery.—One sett Ivory Handled Balance Knives and Forks, 51 ps.
Ivory Handled Carvers and Forks,
Do. Game do.
Do. Butter Knives.
Also a good lot of Weeding Hoes. For sale by

J. BROWN.

April 25, 1853. 47—

Candles! Candles!! A supply of Sperm and Adamantine Candles, very good and at reduced prices—may be had of P. F. PESCUD.

February 22d, 1853.

NOVELTY WORKS

WEST ST., RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA,

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR,

BUILDER OF

Steam Engines & General Machinist.

THE above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

Mr. SILAS BURNS,

Dear Sir: Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot in 3½ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes two many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE.

June 2, 1852. 59.

N. C. Fashionable Jewelry Store.

PALMER & RAMSAY,

DEALERS IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

All Kinds of Jewelry, of the Latest Styles, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

Perfumery, Fancy Goods and Clocks.

THE subscribers are receiving their Fall purchase, which is one of the most extensive ever offered for sale in the State. Consisting of

100 Gold and Silver Watches,
Large collection of Gold Chains, Seals and Keys.
A fine lot of Diamond Rings and Pins,
Fashionable Earrings, Brestpins and Rings,
Braceletts, Cuff Pins and Armletts,
Very large assortment of Gold, Silver and Steel

Spectacles,

Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens and Lockets,
Steel Pens and Keys, Razors, Strops and Pen Knives,
Silver Table, Deserts and Tea Spoons,
Ladles, Forks and Butter Knives, and Pickle Knives and Forks.
Castors, Gandlesticks, Snuffers and Trays,
Baskets, Waiter Coffee Urn,
Gerondoles, Coral and Card Cases,
Perfumery and Fancy Goods.
All kinds of Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired in our usual manner.

October 4, 1852. 94

TO the Public—*A perfect Luxury in Summer* and Winter. The subscriber has on hand a supply of the best quality of curled hair, and is still manufacturing a superior quality of hair Mattresses. He would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish them with the best articles in his line as cheaply as they can be bought in New York. Persons from the neighboring villages and counties, who have heretofore sent North, can provide themselves with as good an article at the subscriber's, and at as low a price; as he is prepared to and will furnish them, at the shortest notice, at prices ranging from $4 to $30.

ALSO, constantly on hand the much improved shuck and Cotton Mattresses, at the lowest prices. Also, sofas, lounges, &c. manufactured in various styles.

pairing of sofas, easy-chairs, and renovating old Mattresses, &c, done with neatness and despatch. All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to

My Ware-Room is on Fayetteville Street, three doors above the Yarbrough House.

J. H. HARRIS,
Upholsterer and Mattress Maker.

Good Feathers taken at the highest prices in exchange for Mattresses.

Raleigh March 1, 1853. 32

Commissioner's Office.

THE undersigned has been appointed Commissioner for the States of Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas, and expects to receive the same appointment for other of the western and southwestern States. He is prepared to take the Probate of all Deeds, Powers of Attorney and other intruments of writing to be used in those States. Also Depositions to be readinany of their Courts.

As Notary Public, having a seal of office, he can take the Probate of Instruments of writing to be used in most of the States of the Union.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.

Milton, N. C., April 20th, 1853. 47—1m.

NOTICE.

STRAYED, from the premises of the Subscriber, on the night of Sunday, the 10th instant, Two Grey Horses, of medium size, one large Horse Mule, and a small one year old Mule—the mules both sorrels.

Any information respecting them will be thankfully received, and should any person take them up they will be suitably renumerated. JOHN T. KENNEDY.

Goldsboro' April 21, 1853. 47—wtf.

$10 REWARD.

LEFT on the 20th of March, ALFRED, a copper-colored boy, 18 to 19 years old, well grown, 5 feet, 6 or inches high—talks on the end of his tongue—had on a wool hat, badly worn, and yarn clothing. He carried off a cloth cap, and a blanket with other clothing.

ALFRED has relations in Raleigh, and also at William Turner's, in Johnston Co.

The subscriber's Post Office is at Raleigh.

CASWELL POWELL.

Wake Co., March 23, 1853. 36—tf.

$50 REWARD!

A FREE negro, by the name of Jones Mitchel, alias Jones Kiff, broke from the Jail of Orange county, on the 9th day of March instant. Said boy is a mulatto, stout built, about five feet seven or eight inches high, quick spoken and intelligent, about 30 years of age, had on, when he broke from said jail, a wool hat, a black blanket sack or over coat. He, I understand, was bound, when a boy, to a gentleman at Raleigh by the name of John H. Christopher. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me at this place.

RICHARD M. JONES, *Sheriff.*

Hillsborough, March 10th, 1853. 34—w tf.

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, near Raleigh, in December last, a negro boy named WILLIS PERRY. Said negro is about six feet high, very black, and shows his teeth, which are large and white, very plainly. He is bowlegged, one leg more crooked than the other. He has a peculiar scar on one of his forefingers, extending from joint to joint. He will no doubt attempt to pass as a free man under an assumed name.

The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said negro to the subscriber at Raleigh, or fifteen dollars for his confinement so that I get him again.

BENJ. TROLLINGER.

Raleigh, Feb. 21, 1853. 28—tf.

STRAYED,

FROM Johnson Busbee's, a few days since, a dark bay MARE, some eight or nine years old, one hind foot slightly white, and foretop recently trimmed. She formerly belonged to Mr. Estis, near Henderson. A liberal reward will be given for her delivery at Raleigh, or for information of her whereabouts.

May 13th, 1853. 51—

Gauze Merino Shirts.

50 DOZEN superior Gauze Merino Shirts, a very desirable article for Summer ware, at

HARDING'S.

May 9th, 1853. 50—

Irish Potatoes.

A FEW barrels of those superior Carter Potatoes on hand—price reduced to close sales.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, April 11th, 1853. 42—

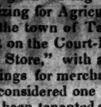
BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. A fresh supply of this justly celebrated Extract, too well and highly appreciated to need any comments, is just received and for sale at PESCUD'S.

Cheltenham Salts. A supply in Store and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

May 6th, 1853. 49—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,



ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1853. 94—

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matter to possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL

In Raleigh.

THE Subscriber will open a School of this description in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday in January next, strictly limited to *twenty-five* pupils. The Latin, Greek, and French languages will be soundly taught, with a thorough course of Mathematics. As the school is intended to be one of high grade, pupils will be expected to have already received some degree of preparatory instruction in the ordinary English branches.

The first session will be one of *five months*. Some half dozen boarders may be accomodated if preferred, in the Principal's family, at $12 per month.

Fees of Latin, Greek, and Mathematics, $25,00
French extra, 10,00

One half the above expenses will be expected invariably in advance. L. WADDELL.

February 5, 1853. 24—1y.

The Best Work on Fruit Trees ever Published.

THE FRUIT GARDEN, a Treatise intended to illustrate and explain the Physiology of Fruit Trees, the Theory and Practice of all operations connected with the Propagation, Transplanting, Prunning and Training of Orchard and Garden Trees, as Standards Dwarfs, Pyramids, Espaliers, &c., the laying out and arranging different kinds or Orchards and Gardens, the selection af suitable varieties for different purposes and localities, gathering and preserving Fruits, treatment of Diseases, destruction of Insects, description and uses of Implements, &c., illustrated with upwards one hundred and fifty Figures, representing different parts of Trees, all practical operations, forms of trees, Designs for Plantations, and Implements, &c. by P. Barry, of Mount Hope Nurseries, Rochester, New York, 1 vol. 12 mo. 3d edition. For sale by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, April 18th, 1853.

TO MERCHANTS—IMPORTANT AND TRUE. The fact, that merchants can supply their wants in their home markets, and thus save the trouble and expense of a northern trip, being fully established, the subscribers, in anticipation of a large demand for their popular Ready Made Clothing, have manufactured an unusually large stock, which, they may safely say, has never been surpassed, if it has been equalled, in the southern market.

Encouraged by the very liberal patronage hitherto received, and with largely increased facilities, we are determined to keep pace with the onward spirit of the age, and to use every honorable effort to deserve our share of the "*public distribution.*" Merchants visiting Petersburg, whether dealing in Clothing or not, are invited to visit our WHOLESALE ROOMS, now stocked with every variety of Clothing, *of our own manufacture*, the most modern styles, and at *New York prices.*

A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
WHOLESALE CLOTHING BAZAAR,
Sycamore, three doors from Bank street,
Petersburg, Va.

September 1, 1852. 84—tf.

Just Received,

3,000 PRINCIPE; 3,000 Regalias; 3,000 short Havannah, all genuine imported Cigars;
3,000 Domestic of different brands.
500 lbs chewing Tobacco; 300 lbs smoking Tobacco.

F. MAHLER & Co.

May 4, 1853. 48—

SUPERIOR READY MADE.

DAILY ARRIVALS AT HARDINGS.

JUST RECEIVED, 200 pairs Superior Fancy Cassemere Pants.

March 31st, 1853. 39—

A TREATISE on the Adulteration of Food and Drink, and plain and simple directions for detecting them, with One Hundred Recipes for tooth powders, hair dyes, skin powders, perfumes, &c. by M. P. Byrne, M. D., 1 volume, 12mo. For sale at

TURNER'S N C. Book Store.

Raleigh, April 18, 1853,

Extracts and Perfumery.

P. F. PESCUD has just received a supply of the most choice and superior Extracts for the Handkerchief, and for flavoring Pies and Puddings, ever offered for sale in Raleigh; consisting in part of the following, viz:

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF: Upper Ten, New Mown Hay, Honey-Suckle, Jocker Club, Essence Bouquet, Sweet Clover, Helistrope, Prarie Flower, Cologne, Citronella Rose, Verbena, Clernatis, Ferinas, Tea Rose, Geranum, Hedyoimia, Magnolia, Violet, Patchoney.

FOR FLAVORING PIES, &C. Essence Lemon, Es. Butter Almonds, Peach, Celery, Gelatine, Corn Starch. Arrow Root, &c.

Raleigh, March 24th, 1853. 37—

NOTICE TO CONFECTIONERS.

WE would respectfully inform our friends of Raleigh and vicinity that we are now in possession of a very extensive assortment of Fruits, Confectionaries, Toys, &c., and would advise all those who desire laying in their Christmas supplies to send in their orders early, so as there may be no difficulty in getting their articles forwarded by the Mail Trains. If delayed too long, owing to the grea quantity of goods to be sent by these trains for the Holiday's, some may be prevented.

SAMUEL H. MARKS & SON.

Petersburg, Va., December 15, 1852. 10—

Office Wilmington & Raleigh Railroad Co'y. }
WILMINGTON, April 8th, 1853. }

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives, at this office, on and after Monday, 2d May next.

By order, JAMES S. GREEN,
Treas. Wil. &R. R. Co.

April 14th, 1853. 43—1m.

Newell's Patent Safety Fluid Lamp AND LAMP FEEDER. A new article, warranted to prevent all accidents from the use of Burning Fluid, Camphene, and all other explosive compounds used for the production of light. The principle adopted by Mr. Newell to prevent explosion is that of the well known "Davy's" Safety Lamp for Miners. For sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

February 22d, 1853. 28—

SPECIAL EXPRESS NOTICE.

PARISEN & KING'S

NEW YORK, VIRGINIA, AND N. CAROLINA FREIGHT, PACKAGE, AND PARCEL

EXPRESS.

Per Steamships Roanoke and Jamestown.

THE Proprietors beg leave to inform the Merchants, Bankers, and public generally of Raleigh, that having bought out the interest of Dodge's Virginia and North Carolina Express, and made arrangements, with the New York and Virginia Steamship Company for the transportation of their Express to Norfolk, Petersburg, and Richmond, and concluded arrangements with Messrs. H. D. Byrd & L. O'B Branch, Esq's., of the Petersburg and Gaston, and Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, they are now prepared to transmit to and from New York, or either of their Agencies, every description of *Merchandize, Valuable Packages*, Bank Notes, Specie, Notes, Drafts, Bills, &c., with the greatest expedition, and at the most economical rates. We shall spare no trouble or expense, in making this the popular *Express* of Virginia and North Carolina; our long experience in the business North and West, and our ample means to conduct the same, we hope, will be a sufficient guarantee to the Merchants, to direct their correspondents to dispatch their goods through PARISEN & KING'S EXPRESS. We also wish it distinctly understood that we are in *direct* opposition to the old monopoly. *Give us a trial.*

W. B. PARISEN, } Proprietors.
JAS. H. KING, } ASTOR HOUSE, N. Y.
J. D. GRONER, Norfolk, Va., } H. D. TURNER,
W. D. TOWNES, Petersb'g, Va., } Raleigh, N. C.
M. V. L. MAULE, Rich'd, Va., }

N. B. We would also ask the attention of merchants at the following places—Chapel Hill, Hillsborough, Greensborough, Fayetteville, Salem, Cheraw, Pittsborough, Ashborough, and Salisb